

BRYAN WEEKLY EAGLE

AND PILOT

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VOL. XXXV.

Bryan, Texas, Thursday, June 27, 1918.

NUMBER 38

WILL TALK NO MORE OF WILSON FOURTEEN PRINCIPLES OF PEACE

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MRS. LUCY THOMAS DIED LAST EVENING.

After an illness of four weeks at the Bryan hospital, Mrs. Lucy Thomas died last night following an operation. The remains were taken to the home of her daughter, Mrs. Sample, at Cottonwood, and from there the funeral will take place this afternoon at 5 o'clock. Rev. Smith will conduct the services.

Mrs. Thomas was born and raised in this county and was 65 years of age at the time of her death. Her husband preceded her in death some years ago, but her four children, all grown, survive her. These are Mrs. Sample, Mrs. Cobb and Will Thomas of Cottonwood, and Mrs. Martin of Bryan. Mrs. E. C. Elliot of Bryan is a sister and she leaves a number of other relatives.

ISSUING RECEIPTS TO AUTOMOBILE OWNERS.

County Collector McCulloch began this morning the issuing of receipts and seals to automobile owners who pay their taxes on the basis of the horsepower. He had issued five receipts early this morning, four of them renewals and given each of the car owners seals. The numbers for new cars will be sent from the highway commission at Austin but in future automobile taxes will be collected in the respective counties. Those who paid this morning are as follows: No. 1—O. L. Eaton, Bryan. No. 2—W. S. Barron (new), Bryan. No. 3—Mrs. J. L. Hensarling, Wellborn. No. 4—C. N. Ramsey, Bryan. No. 5—T. R. Batte, Bryan.

TOTAL OF 367,961 MEN ARE CALLED TO COLORS DURING JULY

General Crowder Issues a New Call Today for 124,525 Men—Negroes and Whites in Large Numbers.

(By Associated Press)
Washington, June 26.—General Crowder calls 124,525 white and black registrants to the colors for mobilization during July. Twenty-seven thousand white men will enter July 5. These men, together with those especially qualified and called last night, will make a total of 367,961 men called during July.

Today's draft call is divided into four sections for entrainment purposes, July 5 to 9 whites numbering 27,000, July 15 to 19 27,000 whites, July 16 to 20 45,000 negroes, July 29 to 31, 25,000 negroes.

NEEDS OF THE RURAL MINISTER SOCIAL AND GENERAL EDUCATION

The young minister preparing himself for rural service may well sacrifice much of his Hebrew and even some of his New Testament Greek, if need be, in order to give more attention to rural sociology and economics and other related topics calculated to equip him for his peculiar task in the country communities which he expects to serve, declared Dr. Colby D. Hall, dean of the Bible school of Texas Christian university, in an address before the rural church and school sectional meeting at A. and M. college this morning.

Dr. Hall spoke upon "Training of the Rural Ministry," and among the points he emphasized were that a minister, whether urban or rural, needs a good general education and should have the A. B. degree from a good college and the B. D. degree from a good seminary; his social education should not be neglected and he should be able to take his normal place in life no matter where he is located, though the rural minister can keep in touch with rural interests during his college career by continuing to preach to rural people; he needs a vision of the field he intends to enter and should experience a definite call to serve; and he needs a knowledge of general sociology and economics as a preparation for his course in the rural application of these subjects.

Following the address of Dr. Hall Rev. Millar Burrows, pastor of the Wallace Presbyterian church in Van Zandt county, one of the demonstration rural churches established by the home mission board of the Presbyterian church, told of the social work he is doing among his young people. He first got hold of his young people, he said, by organizing them into a Christian Endeavor society and an organization Bible class and through these agencies he has got them interested in church work and induced them to take up special social work in the community in the way of singing classes, giving church socials, plays and the like. The church observes the national holidays with appropriate programs in which all the people of the community participate, and the boys of the community are organized into the farm boy cavaliers, a rural adaptation of the boy scout movement. The boys are given credit for special accomplishment in crop and livestock production and they have undertaken and carried out the equipment of the community play ground and are active in the sale and purchase of liberty bonds and war savings stamps and other government work.

As an introduction to the morning program Prof. W. A. Broyles of the department of agricultural education at A. and M. college, discussed the rural school rally day and play festival, and Dr. F. H. Blodgett, plant pathologist of the extension service, discussed plant diseases and the part which rural pastors and teachers can play in combatting them. He said the college, the experiment station and the extension service were glad to be of service to the farmers of the state in solving all such problems and that while pastors and teachers could hardly expect to become experts in this line, they could detect when things were wrong with crops and livestock and call upon some branch of the college to diagnose the ailment and suggest the remedy.

This afternoon's program was given over to a discussion of agricultural and household economic problems, Dr. Clark discussing the economic problems of the farm, Prof. A. T. Potts vegetable gardening and Miss Laura Neal of the extension service the use and cost of household conveniences.

The meeting at 8 o'clock tonight in the college auditorium and the night meetings are considered the climax of the day's proceedings—will be addressed by Dr. Herman N. Morse of New York, who will continue his discussion of certain problems of the rural church, and by Miss Amanda Stolz, rural school specialist of the University of Texas, who will give an illustrated lecture on what some of the more progressive rural schools of the state are doing.

KERENSKY COMING.

(Associated Press)
London, June 26.—Alex F. Kerensky, former premier of Russia until deposed by the Bolsheviks, has arrived here en route to America. Kerensky had an adventurous escape from Russia. He was introduced to the British labor conference and greeted with cheers.

FIFTY CASUALTIES FORTY SIX OF WHOM KILLED IN ACTION

(By Associated Press)
Washington, June 26.—The army casualty list contains 91 names: Killed in action 47, died of wounds 7, died of accident and other causes 4, died of disease 3, died in airplane accidents 1, wounded severely 20, wounded degree undetermined 2, missing in action 7.

Marine casualty list totals 50: Killed in action 46, died of wounds 2, wounded severely 2.

The army list includes Corporal Rufus Shelton of Honey Grove Texas, Antonio Jurach of Karnes City, Texas. Marines include Corporal Marion Collier of Houston, Laurence Jensen of Houston, Clyde Voorhies of Midlothian, all killed in action.

The total marines casualties to date is 1112, and the deaths total 341.

AMERICANS CAPTURE 150 MEN INCLUDING A GERMAN CAPTAIN

(By Associated Press)
Paris, June 26.—Americans made a brilliant attack near Belleau woods last night capturing 150 prisoners, including a captain, the war office announces.

The French carried out a number of raiding parties during the night in the Somme region west of the Oise, northwest of Chateau-Thierry and east of Rheims, capturing prisoners and machine guns.

The Germans Sunday attempted to fill the woods with gas but American artillery made their position a veritable hell.

AMERICANS HOLDING NEW SECTOR.

(By Associated Press)
With American Army in France, June 26.—A new sector is now held by Americans in the northwest of Gebwerl where the fighting has always been heavy.

BRITISH TOOK PRISONERS.

(By Associated Press)
London, June 26.—The British took German prisoners and machine guns last night in the Picardy and Flanders fields, says General Haig.

AMERICANS GIVE HUNS THE STEAM ROLLER.

(By Associated Press)
With American Army in France, June 26.—Americans on the Marne front captured 216 Germans last night. Other prisoners are still coming in.

Americans now hold all the tactical positions at Belleau woods. The Americans rode over crack German divisions in steam roller fashion Sunday.

MRS. STORY INDICTED RELIEF WORK LARCENY

(By Associated Press)
New York, June 26.—Mrs. William C. Storey, former head of the Daughters of the Revolution, was indicted by the grand jury today for petty larceny and conspiracy in connection with the affairs of the national emergency relief society.

SHIPPING WARNED OF ENEMY ACTIVITY.

(By Associated Press)
Washington, June 26.—Shipping in the area east of longitude 40 between the latitude of Cape Race and Bermuda have been warned of enemy activity, the navy announces.

dressed by Dr. Herman N. Morse of New York, who will continue his discussion of certain problems of the rural church, and by Miss Amanda Stolz, rural school specialist of the University of Texas, who will give an illustrated lecture on what some of the more progressive rural schools of the state are doing.

The night session will adjourn at 9:30 in order to permit the showing of pictures as a part of the regular entertainment program for the soldiers.

SILENCE OF ALONG DEATH PREVAILS THE PIAVE RIVER REGION

57 NEW LAWS ARE EFFECTIVE TODAY IN THE STATE OF TEXAS

The statewide prohibition measure and the woman's suffrage bill with 55 other laws passed at the fourth called session of the 35th legislature became effective today. All saloons closed at 9:30 Tuesday night.

With the state prohibition law in effect, saloons in the few towns that remained "wet" after the enactment of the 10-mile zone law, were closed. With this new law another liquor measure is effective, prohibiting the shipment of intoxicants into Texas for commercial purposes. This is taken to mean that under certain restrictions liquor may be shipped in for medicinal purposes, as well as for personal use. Also, the zone law is automatically wiped out.

The suffrage bill grants women the privilege of casting a vote in primary elections and nominating conventions in this state.

A law providing for registration of automobiles with the county tax collector also goes into effect. Several thousand registration blanks have been received here.

One of the laws which is also effective provides for a \$350,000 appropriation for defraying the expenses of mobilizing the new Texas national guard, prior to federalization.

Included in the new laws are two of a patriotic nature. One requires the teaching of lessons of patriotism in all public schools. The other makes it compulsory to teach English in every public school.

Helping a voter make out his ticket unless he is physically unable to do it himself is barred in one of these new laws. Another makes it compulsory to hold a double primary to elect state and district officers.

Other laws which call for enforcement after midnight last night are: Increasing county school superintendent's salaries to \$2400 a year. Raising the adjutant general's salary to \$3600.

Prohibiting the city of Austin from taxing securities of insurance companies deposited in state treasury.

Requiring heads of state departments to file inventory of all furnishings with superintendent of public buildings and grounds.

Appropriating \$100,000 to complete the negro insane asylum at Rusk.

Amending the law regulating the granting of patents.

Defining criminal assault and raising the age of consent to 18 years.

Providing a penalty for contributing to the delinquency of any minor under 17 years of age.

Providing for \$2,000 for the State Orphans' Home at Corsicana.

Providing additional protection of female employees in factories, mills, etc.

Granting state superintendent of public instruction authority to extend teachers' certificates. This applied particularly to teachers who have joined the army.

Regulating salaries of penitentiary guards.

Fixing the closed season for killing doves between Feb. 1 and Dec. 1.

Increasing the salary of the state superintendent of public buildings and grounds to \$2400 a year.

Authorizing investment of sinking funds of counties, cities, towns and school districts in war savings stamps.

Granting \$30,000 for the state training school at Gatesville.

Requiring reports of physicians on all venereal disease.

SOLDIERS APPRECIATE KHAKI CLUB EXISTENCE.

That the efforts of Bryan in providing a central place for the soldiers in training here by having established the Khaki club are appreciated by the men was told in a report to the general committee at a meeting held last evening. Mrs. E. H. Astin, chairman of the general committee, stated that the men were enthusiastic in their praise of the opportunities provided. She stated that the new fash had arrived and would be installed.

Treasurer Frank Webb made a report of the money handled and on hand.

A motion was adopted that if the central committee in its wisdom decides to open the Carnegie library to the soldiers it shall consult with the library board and arrange with the librarian for compensation for the extra hours.

At the request of the chairman, Mrs. Astin, three men were authorized to be added to the central committee.

CZAR NOT KILLED.

(By Associated Press)
London, June 26.—There is no foundation for the report that the former czar of Russia has been assassinated, says an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Moscow.

DEATH PREVAILS THE PIAVE RIVER REGION

Progress is Being Made Near Capo Sile by Italians

Duke of Aosta's Army is Busy Cleaning Up After the Fleeing Austrian Army, Burying the Dead and Reorganizing the Defensive System — Austria's Report on the Defeat.

NEW DRAFT AGES ARE OPPOSED BY BAKER AND GENERAL MARCH

Senate Military Committee Also Objects to Change — New Army Program to Be Announced in August.

(By Associated Press)
Washington, June 26.—General March and Secretary Baker told the senate military committee they are opposed as premature and unnecessary to the extension of the draft age.

General Crowder says he will not insist on the change but thinks men from this class should be available early next year. Secretary Baker and General March said probably about the middle of August the administration will submit a new comprehensive army program covering the number of men and dealing with shipping.

Secretary Baker said the enlarged program for the army contemplated at present there are enough men in class one for our needs and when the enlarged program is in operation we will have complete data on which to base the proposed draft changes.

The military committee decided to oppose legislation to change the draft ages.

No details of the enlargement plan were announced but it is understood that when the plans are announced definite classification of those who shall work or fight will be made. Secretary Baker, General March and General Crowder opposed the plan to give the states credit for men who have volunteered.

Senator Hitchcock, discussing the bill, gives estimates showing the army will have 3,300,000 men in August, when class one shall have been exhausted and said 1,450,000 will be in France then.

THRESHING OATS IN WHELOCK SECTION

W. S. Hanover, a well known citizen of Wheelock, was in Bryan Tuesday and stated to a representative of The Eagle that the oat crop in his section was the finest he had ever seen. The beauty about the crop is, it is already made and harvested and the farmers are well supplied with feed for another year.

The farmers this year are also trying for the first time the project of threshing their oats and all are delighted with it. Mr. Hanover said he was living on the place settled by his grandfather about 85 years ago and while more or less oats had been grown there practically every year since it was settled, this was the first oat crop ever threshed. Sam Cavitt put in a thresher and was not only threshing his own oats but also for his neighbors. Mr. Hanover had just finished threshing and his crop totaled 1080 bushels, and in addition all the straw was baled for forage, which gives him a fine feed supply for the coming year, independent of his corn, which is above an average crop.

Mr. Hanover stated that Sam Cavitt had finished threshing his crop which totaled the splendid amount of 5000 bushels. The thresher was moved Tuesday to the farm of Henry Seale near Benchley and his crop which was one of the largest and best in that whole section, is now being threshed.

U - BOAT TOLL IN 28 MAY DAYS 233,639

(By Associated Press)
Washington, June 26.—Allied and neutral shipping sunk by submarines during the first 28 days of May aggregated 233,639 tons gross, the navy announces.

Nothing further heard of hospital.

(By Associated Press)
Washington, June 26.—Minister Caldwell at Teheran cables that he has been unable to obtain further information on the looting of the American hospital by Turks.

(By Associated Press)
Italian Headquarters, June 26.—Every little village near the firing line is in ruins, the dead being mingled with the debris. The Piave situation now is as it was before the offensive began June 15, except that the Italians are progressing near Capo Sile. Men who have seen Flanders mud and Russian swamps say nothing surpasses the Piave front in the way of death, destruction and confusion.

The Duke of Aosta's army continues to advance along the Piave front in the Capo Sile region, cleaning abandoned positions, burying the dead and reorganizing the defense system. The silence of death prevails along the greater part of the Piave river region.

CAPO SILE BRIDGEHEAD.

(By Associated Press)
Rome, June 26.—Italian troops on the southern part of the Piave front not only occupied Capo Sile bridgehead but have extended it and took 400 prisoners.

OFFENSIVE IN THE MOUNTAIN REGIONS.

Holding the upper hand along the borders of the Venetian plain, the Italians have turned on the offensive against the enemy in the mountain region and are attacking on various sectors. Notable gains of ground have been made and in addition to heavy casualties inflicted on the enemy a large number of Austrians have been made prisoner and 16 machine guns have been captured, according to Rome. The Austrian war office, however, asserts that all attacks in this region have been repulsed.

With the capture of 1625 Austro-Hungarians on the lower Piave, the Italians have disposed of the last of the troops which crossed the river in the offensive begun June 15.

How many Italians have crossed the Piave in pursuit of those who fled, and what success the pursuers have had, if any, the dispatches do not say. It seems probable that the Austro-Hungarians have not retreated any considerable distance to the east of the Piave. In accounting the defeat of the Austrians, General Diaz, commander of the Italians, says that the "battle is for the time being reduced to local actions." The dispatches from Rome dated Tuesday all deal with Monday's events.

The Mont Grappa neighborhood is listed among the danger points and it is here that the Austrians have made several attempts to start an Italian retreat. The Italian positions were improved by the capture of some vantage points.

Altogether it appears that the Italians have captured some 55,000 Austro-Hungarians since June 15. The Austrian official statement dated Tuesday is worded in conservative language as far as it continues to break the news of the Austrian defeat to the people at home. It says that at San Dona di Piave covering troops protecting the crossing "of our divisions have had to ward off strong attacks during the last few days. Here also we have been able to carry out our movement in accordance with plans and without loss of material." Apparently these covering troops are included in the 1625 captured by the Italians in the final roundup.

Speaking of the fight in the mountain region, where the Italians captured some prisoners, the Vienna statement asserts that "the Italians were thrown back everywhere, at several places by counter attacks." It may be remarked that "everywhere, at several places," is a new expression in official war statements, apparently designed to break the news gently that the other fellow has gained some ground.

AMERICANS TO ITALY SOON.

Rome, June 26.—American troops will be in Italy probably early in July, according to notification given to the Italian authorities by State Senator Cottolero of New York, who is here on an official mission. This announcement of direct participation of American units with the forces now fighting in Italy has produced an encouraging effect.

NOTHING FURTHER HEARD OF HOSPITAL.

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Mrs. Thomas was born and raised in this county and was 65 years of age at the time of her death. Her husband preceded her in death some years ago, but her four children, all grown, survive her. These are Mrs. Sample, Mrs. Cobb and Will Thomas of Cottonwood, and Mrs. Martin of Bryan. Mrs. E. C. Elliot of Bryan is a sister and she leaves a number of other relatives.

ISSUING RECEIPTS TO AUTOMOBILE OWNERS.

County Collector McCulloch began this morning the issuing of receipts and seals to automobile owners who pay their taxes on the basis of the horsepower. He had issued five receipts early this morning, four of them renewals and given each of the car owners seals. The numbers for new cars will be sent from the highway commission at Austin but in future automobile taxes will be collected in the respective counties. Those who paid this morning are as follows:

- No. 1—O. L. Eaton, Bryan.
- No. 2—W. S. Barron (new), Bryan.
- No. 3—Mrs. J. L. Hensarling, Wellborn.
- No. 4—C. N. Ramsey, Bryan.
- No. 5—T. R. Batte, Bryan.

TOTAL OF 367,961 MEN ARE CALLED TO COLORS DURING JULY

General Crowder Issues a New Call Today for 124,525 Men—Negroes and Whites in Large Numbers.

(By Associated Press) Washington, June 26.—General Crowder calls 124,525 white and black registrants to the colors for mobilization during July. Twenty-seven thousand white men will entrain July 5. These men, together with those especially qualified and called last night, will make a total of 367,961 men called during July.

Today's draft call is divided into four sections for entrainment purposes. July 5 to 9 whites numbering 27,000, July 15 to 19 27,000 whites, July 16 to 20 45,000 negroes, July 29 to 31, 25,000 negroes.

NEEDS OF THE RURAL MINISTER SOCIAL AND GENERAL EDUCATION

The young minister preparing himself for rural service may well sacrifice much of his Hebrew and even some of his New Testament Greek, if need be, in order to give more attention to rural sociology and economics and other related topics calculated to equip him for his peculiar task in the country communities which he expects to serve, declared Dr. Colby D. Hall, dean of the Bible school of Texas Christian university, in an address before the rural church and school sectional meeting at A. and M. college this morning.

Dr. Hall spoke upon "Training of the Rural Ministry," and among the points he emphasized were that a minister, whether urban or rural, needs a good general education and should have the A. B. degree from a good college and the B. D. degree from a good seminary; his social education should not be neglected and he should be able to take his normal place in life no matter where he is located, though the rural minister can keep in touch with rural interests during his college career by continuing to preach to rural people; he needs a vision of the field he intends to enter and should experience a definite call to serve; and he needs a knowledge of general sociology and economics as a preparation for his course in the rural application of these subjects.

Following the address of Dr. Hall Rev. Millar Burrows, pastor of the Wallace Presbyterian church in Van Zandt county, one of the demonstration rural churches established by the home mission board of the Presbyterian church, told of the social work he is doing among his young people. He first got hold of his young people, he said, by organizing them into a Christian Endeavor society and an organization Bible class and through these agencies he has got them interested in church work and induced them to take up special social work in the community in the way of singing classes, giving church socials, plays and the like. The church observes the national holidays with appropriate programs in which all the people of the community participate, and the boys of the community are organized into the farm boy cavaliers, a rural adaptation of the boy scout movement. The boys are given credit for special accomplishment in crop and livestock production and they have undertaken and carried out the equipment of the community play ground and are active in the sale and purchase of liberty bonds and war savings stamps and other government work.

As an introduction to the morning program Prof. W. A. Broyles of the department of agricultural education at A. and M. college, discussed the rural school rally day and play festival, and Dr. F. H. Blodgett, plant pathologist of the extension service, discussed plant diseases and the part which rural pastors and teachers can play in combatting them. He said the college, the experiment station and the extension service were glad to be of service to the farmers of the state in solving all such problems and that while pastors and teachers could hardly expect to become experts in this line, they could detect when things were wrong with crops and livestock and call upon some branch of the college to diagnose the ailment and suggest the remedy.

This afternoon's program was given over to a discussion of agricultural and household economic problems. Dr. Clark discussing the economic problems of the farm, Prof. A. T. Potts vegetable gardening and Miss Laura Neal of the extension service the use and cost of household conveniences.

The meeting at 8 o'clock tonight in the college auditorium and the night meetings are considered the climax of the day's proceedings—will be addressed by Dr. Herman N. Morse of New York, who will continue his discussion of certain problems of the rural church, and by Miss Amanda Stolz, rural school specialist of the University of Texas, who will give an illustrated lecture on what some of the more progressive rural schools of the state are doing.

The night session will adjourn at 9:30 in order to permit the showing of pictures as a part of the regular entertainment program for the soldiers.

KERENSKY COMING.

(Associated Press) London, June 26.—Alex F. Kerensky, former premier of Russia until deposed by the Bolsheviks, has arrived here en route to America. Kerensky had an adventurous escape from Russia. He was introduced to the British labor conference and greeted with cheers.

FIFTY CASUALTIES FORTY SIX OF WHOM KILLED IN ACTION

(By Associated Press) Washington, June 26.—The army casualty list contains 91 names: Killed in action 47, died of wounds 7, died of accident and other causes 4, died of disease 3, died in airplane accidents 1, wounded severely 20, wounded degree undetermined 2, missing in action 7.

Marine casualty list totals 50: Killed in action 46, died of wounds 2, wounded severely 2. The army list includes Corporal Rufus Shelton of Honey Grove Texas, Anton Jurach of Karnes City, Texas. Marines include Corporal Marion Collier of Houston, Laurence Jensen of Houston, Clyde Voorhies of Midlothian, all killed in action.

The total marine casualties to date is 1112, and the deaths total 341.

AMERICANS CAPTURE 150 MEN INCLUDING A GERMAN CAPTAIN

(By Associated Press) Paris, June 26.—Americans made a brilliant attack near Belleau woods last night capturing 150 prisoners, including a captain, the war office announces.

The French carried out a number of raiding parties during the night in the Somme region west of the Oise, northwest of Chateau-Thierry and east of Rheims, capturing prisoners and machine guns.

The Germans Sunday attempted to touch the woods with gas but American artillery made their position a veritable hell.

AMERICANS HOLDING NEW SECTOR.

(By Associated Press) With American Army in France, June 26.—A new sector is now held by Americans in the northwest of Gebwerl where the fighting has always been heavy.

BRITISH TOOK PRISONERS.

London, June 26.—The British took German prisoners and machine guns last night in the Picardy and Flanders fields, says General Haig.

AMERICANS GIVE HUNS THE STEAM ROLLER.

(By Associated Press) With American Army in France, June 26.—Americans on the Marne front captured 216 Germans last night. Other prisoners are still coming in.

Americans now hold all the tactical positions at Belleau woods. The Americans rode over crack German divisions in steam roller fashion Sunday.

MRS. STORY INDICTED RELIEF WORK LARCENY

(By Associated Press) New York, June 26.—Mrs. William C. Storey, former head of the Daughters of the Revolution, was indicted by the grand jury today for petty larceny and conspiracy in connection with the affairs of the national emergency relief society.

SHIPPING WARNED OF ENEMY ACTIVITY.

(By Associated Press) Washington, June 26.—Shipping in the area east of longitude 40 between the latitude of Cape Race and Bermuda have been warned of enemy activity, the navy announces.

dressed by Dr. Herman N. Morse of New York, who will continue his discussion of certain problems of the rural church, and by Miss Amanda Stolz, rural school specialist of the University of Texas, who will give an illustrated lecture on what some of the more progressive rural schools of the state are doing.

The night session will adjourn at 9:30 in order to permit the showing of pictures as a part of the regular entertainment program for the soldiers.

SILENCE OF ALONG THE PIAVE RIVER REGION

57 NEW LAWS ARE EFFECTIVE TODAY IN THE STATE OF TEXAS

The statewide prohibition measure and the woman's suffrage bill with 55 other laws passed at the fourth called session of the 35th legislature became effective today. All saloons closed at 9:30 Tuesday night.

With the state prohibition law in effect, saloons in the few towns that remained "wet" after the enactment of the 10-mile zone law, were closed. With this new law another liquor measure is effective, prohibiting the shipment of intoxicants into Texas for commercial purposes. This is taken to mean that under certain restrictions liquor may be shipped in for medicinal purposes, as well as for personal use. Also, the zone law is automatically wiped out.

The suffrage bill grants women the privilege of casting a vote in primary elections and nominating conventions in this state.

A law providing for registration of automobiles with the county tax collector also goes into effect. Several thousand registration blanks have been received here.

One of the laws which is also effective provides for a \$350,000 appropriation for defraying the expenses of mobilizing the new Texas national guard, prior to federalization.

Included in the new laws are two of a patriotic nature. One requires the teaching of lessons of patriotism in all public schools. The other makes it compulsory to teach English in every public school.

Helping a voter make out his ticket unless he is physically unable to do it himself is barred in one of these new laws. Another makes it compulsory to hold a double primary to elect state and district officers.

Other laws which call for enforcement after midnight last night are: Increasing county school superintendent's salaries to \$2400 a year.

Raising the adjutant general's salary to \$3600.

Prohibiting the city of Austin from taxing securities of insurance companies deposited in state treasury.

Requiring heads of state departments to file inventory of all furnishings with superintendent of public buildings and grounds.

Appropriating \$100,000 to complete the negro insane asylum at Rusk.

Amending the law regulating the granting of patents.

Defining criminal assault and raising the age of consent to 18 years.

Providing a penalty for contributing to the delinquency of any minor under 17 years of age.

Providing for the state Orphans' Home at Corsicana.

Providing additional protection of female employees in factories, mills, etc.

Granting state superintendent of public instruction authority to extend teachers' certificates. This applied particularly to teachers who have joined the army.

Regulating salaries of penitentiary guards.

Fixing the closed season for killing doves between Feb. 1 and Dec. 1.

Increasing the salary of the state superintendent of public buildings and grounds to \$2400 a year.

Authorizing investment of sinking funds of counties, cities, towns and school districts in war savings stamps.

Granting \$30,000 for the state training school at Gatesville.

Requiring reports of physicians on all venereal disease.

SOLDIERS APPRECIATE KHAKI CLUB EXISTENCE.

That the efforts of Bryan in providing a central place for the soldiers in training here by having established the Khaki club are appreciated by the men was told in a meeting held last evening. Mrs. E. H. Astin, chairman of the general committee, stated that the men were enthusiastic in their praise of the opportunities provided. She stated that the new fans had arrived and would be installed.

Treasurer Frank Webb made a report of the money handled and on hand. A motion was adopted that if the central committee in its wisdom decides to open the Carnegie library to the soldiers it shall consult with the library board and arrange with the librarians for compensation for the extra hours.

At the request of the chairman, Mrs. Astin, three men were authorized to be added to the central committee.

CZAR NOT KILLED.

(By Associated Press) London, June 26.—There is no foundation for the report that the former czar of Russia has been assassinated, says an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Moscow.

DEATH PREVAILS ALONG THE PIAVE RIVER REGION

Progress is Being Made Near Capo Sile by Italians

Duke of Aosta's Army is Busy Cleaning Up After the Fleeing Austrian Army, Burying the Dead and Reorganizing the Defensive System --- Austria's Report on the Defeat.

NEW DRAFT AGES ARE OPPOSED BY BAKER AND GENERAL MARCH

Senate Military Committee Also Objects to Change --- New Army Program to Be Announced in August.

(By Associated Press) Washington, June 26.—General March and Secretary Baker told the senate military committee they are opposed as premature and unnecessary to the extension of the draft age. General Crowder says he will not insist on the change but thinks men from this class should be available early next year.

Secretary Baker said the enlarged program for the army contemplated at present there are enough men in class one for our needs and when the enlarged program is in operation we will have complete data on which to base the proposed draft changes.

The military committee decided to oppose legislation to change the draft ages. No details of the enlargement plan were announced but it is understood that when the plans are announced definite classification of those who shall work or fight will be made. Secretary Baker, General March and General Crowder opposed the plan to give the states credit for men who have volunteered.

Senator Hitchcock, discussing the bill, gives estimates showing the army will have 3,300,000 men in August, when class one shall have been exhausted and said 1,450,000 will be in France then.

With the capture of 1625 Austro-Hungarians on the lower Piave, the Italians have disposed of the last of the troops which crossed the river in the offensive begun June 15.

How many Italians have crossed the Piave in pursuit of those who fled, and what success the pursuers have had, if any, the dispatches do not say. It seems probable that the Austro-Hungarians have not retreated any considerable distance to the east of the Piave. In accounting the defeat of the Austrians, General Diaz, commander of the Italians, says that the "battle is for the time being reduced to local actions." The dispatches from Rome dated Tuesday all deal with Monday's events.

The Mont Grappa neighborhood is listed among the danger points and it is here that the Austrians have made several attempts to start an Italian retreat. The Italian positions were improved by the capture of some vantage points.

Altogether it appears that the Italians have captured some 55,000 Austro-Hungarians since June 15. The Austrian official statement dated Tuesday is worded in conservative language as far as it continues to break the news of the Austrian defeat to the people at home. It says that at San Dona di Piave covering troops protecting the crossing "of our divisions have had to ward off strong attacks during the last few days. Here also we have been able to carry out our movement in accordance with plans and without loss of material." Apparently these covering troops are included in the 1625 captured by the Italians in the final roundup.

Speaking of the fight in the mountain region, where the Italians captured some prisoners, the Vienna statement asserts that "the Italians were thrown back everywhere at several places by counter attacks." It may be remarked that "everywhere" in official war statements, apparently designed to break the news gently that the other fellow has gained some ground.

AMERICANS TO ITALY SOON.

Rome, June 26.—American troops will be in Italy probably early in July, according to notification given to the Italian authorities by State Senator Cottillo of New York, who is here on an official mission. This announcement of direct participation of American units with the forces now fighting in Italy has produced an encouraging effect.

NOTHING FURTHER HEARD OF HOSPITAL.

(By Associated Press) Washington, June 26.—Minister Caldwell at Teheran cables that he has been unable to obtain further information on the looting of the American hospital by Turks.

U-BOAT TOLL IN 28 MAY DAYS 233,639

(By Associated Press) Washington, June 26.—Allied and neutral shipping sunk by submarines during the first 28 days of May aggregated 233,639 tons gross, the navy announces.

J. E. Davis and Mrs. I. A. Davis. David Birdwell and Delilah Wil-

EDITORIAL DEPARTMENT OF THE BRYAN WEEKLY EAGLE

Vote for Democrats Who Support the President
and the War.

Vice President Marshall says Democrats should stand behind those Democratic candidates only who support the president and the war. A Temple man communicated to one of the morning dailies this week to the effect that James E. Ferguson, who thinks he is in the race for governor, has not in his Ferguson's Forum, his political sheet published at Temple, ever said a single word in praise of the president or condemnation of the kaiser or German Prussianism. On April 10, 1917, citizens of Dallas held a mass meeting which was intended to voice their approbation of the administration at Washington and confidence in President Wilson. James E. Ferguson spoke at that meeting for an hour and a half against President Wilson and the draft law. At the conclusion of the speech the crowd almost unanimously adopted a motion that the president be followed on the selective draft law. On the following day, April 11, 1917, Ferguson deposited in the American National bank at Austin, after banking hours, \$25,000 in currency, and on April 13, 1917, two days later, he caused to be shipped to the Houston National Exchange bank another \$25,000 in currency. This is \$50,000 of the \$156,000 he received so mysteriously and will not tell where he got it, said General M. M. Crane in his Houston speech.

"Whether the two items of currency had anything to do with his opposition to the president's plan is for him to disclose as he has never told where he got that currency. The suggestion herein made finds further support in the fact as disclosed by the evidence of the recent congressional investigation that the German alliance formed in America with the approval of the kaiser, was very ardently supporting him in 1914, and presumably they continued to support him as long as he did their bidding. Two of the things the German alliance insisted on were teaching German in the common schools of America and the control of the universities of the nation. It is to be noted that all the professors whom Jim Ferguson wished to have dismissed were ardent American patriots. The one he wished retained was Professor Keasby, who was subsequently dismissed by the board of regents because there was a question as to his loyalty to the country and flag but he was a friend of Ferguson. I care not which horn of the dilemma Jim Ferguson takes whether he wanted to destroy the university because he could not add it to his political machine, however much it might embarrass the president in training experts for the army, or whether he was seeking to control it for the benefit of his friends of the German alliance, that alliance always having been for him is a matter I do not feel it necessary to determine at present."

Mr. Ferguson has naturally denied the conclusions deduced by these incidents and proclaimed his loyalty but he has not as yet succeeded in refuting the implications. He can do that only by telling where he got the \$156,000. He said in the impeachment trial that friends loaned it to him without security of any kind. Were these the right sort of friends they would release him of his obligation to secrecy now that he is unquestionably embarrassed by the implied charges of disloyalty. The German alliance is no more. The breweries of Texas are all in the 10-mile zone and the prohibition question, now that Texas women have been given the ballot, will likely be settled forever within the next two years. They doubtless see the handwriting on the wall. If they gave Ferguson the money they made a mighty poor investment as things have turned out. It proved a boomerang for them and for him. They could save him now and lose no more than they would have if they would have acknowledged having given him the money, if they did. The probabilities are that if they gave him that money it was not as brewers but as agents for the German alliance. That he is allied with the pro-Germans is further evidenced by the fact that he, a few weeks ago, filed two law suits and instead of filing them in his home county or the county of the defendant he filed them both in strong German counties in Texas. This is an insult to the loyal Americans of German extraction in those counties and pre-supposes a disloyalty that exists in the hearts of only a few Germans now. Thousands of them are just as loyal as any Americans in the world. But where there are pro-Germans among them there will be found Ferguson men and Ferguson, knowing that, figured that he was

EVER SALIVATED BY
CALOMEL? HORRIBLE.

Calomel is Quicksilver and Acts Like
Dynamite on Your Liver.

Calomel loses you a day! You know what calomel is. It's mercury; quicksilver. Calomel is dangerous. It crashes into your bile like dynamite, cramping and sickening you. Calomel attacks the bones and should never be put into your system.

When you feel bilious, sluggish, constipated and all knocked out and believe you need a dose of dangerous calomel just remember that your druggist sells for a few cents a large bottle of Dodson's Liver Tonic, which is entirely vegetable and pleasant to take and is a perfect substitute for calomel. It is guaranteed to start your liver without stirring you up inside, and can not salivate.

Don't take calomel! It makes you sick and the next day, it loses you a day's work. Dodson's Liver Tonic straightens you right up and you feel great. Give it to the children because it is perfectly harmless and doesn't gripe.—Adv.

entering the house of his friends and co-laborers in filing these suits where he did.

Vice President Marshall is a staunch Democrat. Notwithstanding he spoke to the Democrats of Indiana he was addressing the Democrats of Texas. He told us to support those Democrats who are backing the president and the war. Ferguson's public record has been that of opposition to the president and the administration plan of conducting the war. Hence, as loyal Democrats we can not acknowledge the leadership of Wilson and Marshall and at the same time consistently vote for Ferguson.

Hobby's record has been a consistent war record. There is not a thing in it in opposition to the administration or its war policies. He has endeavored in every way to meet the administration's war requirements and desires. He is loyal, efficient and has no shady past he refuses to uncover to the public.

MAYOR'S PROCLAMATION.

In accordance with the proclamation issued by the president of the United States and that promulgated by the governor of the state of Texas, designating June 28 as national war savings day and summoning all wage earners and taxpayers, male and female, of the union to meet together at 2 o'clock on the afternoon of said day at the school house or designated meeting places of their several school districts, then and there to pledge the greatest amount of their savings to be invested the remainder of the year in war savings stamps; therefore,

I, Jno. M. Lawrence, mayor of the city of Bryan, do hereby proclaim and designate the said 28th day of June as national war savings day in the city of Bryan and do solemnly call upon all adult wage earners and taxpayers of the said city of Bryan to be present at said meetings and there to make their pledges as required by the presidential proclamation, which calls upon the people of the state of Texas to save and invest \$91,000,000 in war savings stamps, their savings to be accomplished by the curtailment of unnecessary expenditures of money so that goods and services, needed in such vast quantities for the winning of the war, may be conserved. The material needs necessary to the successful prosecution of the war can be met only by the people of this nation denying themselves customary but needless expenditures.

Therein fail not. The United States treasury department has issued instructions that the officers of such meetings shall list all persons in their districts who fail to attend said meetings and that said list of absentees shall be forwarded to the state director of the national war savings committee and thence to the secretary of the national treasury department. In the performance of his duty June 28th, 1918, let no citizen of Bryan fail. It is further ordered that all stores and places of business be closed from 1:30 to 4 p. m.

Witness my hand this the 24th day of June, 1918.

JNO. M. LAWRENCE,
Mayor of the City of Bryan.

GRIFFIN NOT INFALLIBLE
HENCE ADMITS MISTAKE.

From Monday's Daily Eagle
Chief Clerk George Griffin admits that one point at least he and the kaiser differ radically. The kaiser is the chosen of God, therefore infallible. We know this to be a fact, because the kaiser told us himself and our experience with him shows that he is a bigger man than was Ananias in his line. Mr. Griffin frankly admits that he is not infallible, that he does make mistakes sometimes, especially when he is doing his own work and that of the exemption board, now composed of one not very active member. Mr. Griffin called a bunch of men to report today for entrainment to Camp Travis, 23, in fact. In some manner, he knows not how, he notified them to report here June 24, having looked at the several and sundry confusing calls wrong. They should go June 26. The men reported, he gave them instructions to be at the depot and they were about to be entrained when the error was discovered.

"I am blaming nobody but myself," said Mr. Griffin. "I made a 'bust.' I don't know how I did it, but I am acknowledging it."

The men, 23 of them, were told to come back Wednesday for their joy ride to San Antonio at the ultimate expense of the kaiser.

SHE SLAPPED THE KAISER.

Houston, June 21.—"I pray to God every night that the kaiser and his armies will not win this war," said a German woman who registered as an enemy alien at the police station. She explained that she is about 60 years of age and that she came to this country while young. She tells of meeting with the kaiser once while she was a child. At that time the German ruler was the crown prince, and in some manner she crossed him. The crown prince slapped her and she in a most spirited manner returned the slap with such force that the German blue blood reeled from the blow. This woman insists that she is just as patriotic as any person born in this country and she hates the German rulers just as much if not more than many patriotic Americans.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect the Head
Because of its tonic and laxative effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is better than ordinary Quinine and does not cause nervousness nor ringing in head. Remember the full name and look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. 30c.

HANCOCK APPROVES BRYAN'S APPLICATION FOR STREET MATERIAL

From Monday's Daily Eagle
All formalities necessary to getting before the United States highway commission the petition of the city of Bryan for permission to purchase asphalt or other material for topping the paving on Main and connecting streets were completed this morning. Hon. Curtis Hancock, chairman of the Texas highway commission, was here this morning and made a personal inspection of the streets after a conference with members of the city commission. He frankly admitted that these streets are in bad shape and deteriorating badly and without any hesitancy whatever said he would approve the application, send it to Austin this afternoon where it would be sent to Washington which, he anticipated, would immediately wire approval.

Bryan has a legitimate claim for this consideration, according to the terms of governmental requirements as set forth in the following letter from M. L. Requea, director of the oil division, the United States fuel administration, under date of May 13, and addressed to George A. Duran, state highway engineer, Austin, Texas:

"In order that the fuel oil requirements of our allies as well as our own army and navy and essential war industries may be fully satisfied, it is found necessary to limit the use of petroleum and coal in the manufacture of road products, such as asphalt, road binders, road oils, tar binders or dressings.

"The United States is now being drawn upon to an ever increasing extent for petroleum products, especially fuel oil. It will be appreciated that this demand must be satisfied. Commencing this date we request that all highway work in your state of any character, including municipal work, involving the use of the above mentioned materials, be passed upon by your state highway department. A special permit of the fuel administration, oil division, will be required before delivery of purchases will be authorized.

"Enclosed you will find forms on which all applications for the above mentioned road materials must be made. Preference will be given to material for maintenance and repair work. The supply of the above material for road work is so limited that it is requested that all new construction involving these materials be deferred this year except in cases where such work is necessary toward the winning of the war. These forms should be filled out covering maintenance, reconstruction or new construction and certified to by the state highway department as to the vital necessity of the work under existing war conditions and the quantity of the material involved. They should then be mailed to L. W. Page, director, bureau of public roads, Washington, D. C. Mr. Page acting as chairman of a committee which will consider the necessity of the material being supplied and make recommendation to the oil division of the fuel administration, which will issue permits in accordance with the recommendation when the necessary material is available.

"It is requested that you give this matter full publicity, so that all parties concerned will be familiar with the procedure necessary to procure supply of these materials."

County Judge J. T. Maloney joined Mr. Hancock and Mr. Greer in their perambulations over the streets under consideration.

"Don't you need more money for road work?" Mr. Hancock asked the judge.

"Would it be possible to get aid in road district No. 1?" asked the judge in reply.

"Yes," said Mr. Hancock.

"Well, we have about three miles in road district No. 1 which have been graded and on which bridges have been built, all on the King of Trails, which we want to improve."

"Will it be necessary to have any gravel by rail?"

"No."

"Well, I can give you assistance for that out of state funds and not bother about going to the government for it."

A little later Mr. Hancock said:

"You have read or seen the play, 'Brewster's Millions,' haven't you? Well, we are having about as hard a time spending our road aid money as Brewster had in getting rid of his millions."

Mr. Hancock was here with the liberty loan train on April 9, and delivered a hot patriotic speech. He is still as hot as a patriot and is full of optimism.

"When we get those Germans with their faces turned the other way, which will happen when General Foch thinks the time is ripe, they will go pell-mell across Germany, and that nation will cease to be a factor in world affairs. Do you know, I was told the other day that they are actually printing geographies in New York for use in teaching in the public schools with Germany left off the map? The German and the German language will have to go, in this country particularly, for this will be a country of America for Americans."

WALLACE-SMITH.

B. G. Wallace and Mrs. Lizzie Smith, both of this city, were quietly married Saturday evening at 9 o'clock by Judge J. T. Maloney at his office. Both the contracting parties have spent the greater part of their lives in Bryan and Brazos county and have many friends. They are domiciled at the pleasant home of Mr. Wallace in the northern part of the city.

If you have the itch don't scratch. It does not cure the troubles and makes the skin bleed. Apply Ballard's Snow Liniment. Rub it gently on the affected parts. It relieves itching instantly and a few applications removes the cause thus performing a permanent cure. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by E. J. Jenkins.

PUT THE CANNER ON COMMUNITY BASIS AND OPERATE IT

County Judge J. T. Maloney at a special meeting of the commercial club directors brought up the canning proposition and it was finally decided to operate it as a community canner instead of as a commercial enterprise.

The canning outfit was purchased and installed by Allen Smith upon the presentation of a committee from the club. He laid in a stock of cans but finds he can not run it at a profit corresponding with the profits in his other activities. Statements were made that he has worked under handicaps such as lack of an experienced person to take charge and operate it, he having employed a carpenter for the work; that his steam supply is not adequate by reason of which he has to create new steam for each batch of canning done.

None present were willing to pledge club funds for backing the canning proposition as a commercial or money making enterprise but there was no dissension from the oft-repeated statement that it ought to be operated as a community food conservation undertaking. It was stated that at Hearne and Dallas particularly and in all rural communities one person has charge and everybody with stuff to can takes it there, rolls up their sleeves and pitches in and helps, thus annulling any labor costs. They run the canner on either a toll basis or set a fixed price per can. It was thought possible to handle the residue of the garden crops, tomatoes, okra and even potatoes on that basis here, but it would be necessary to move the canner. Mr. Smith, according to Judge Maloney, had offered to sell the outfit or rent it. Miss Gillespie said it would have to be moved in order to get an adequate and continuous supply of live steam and Judge Maloney said George Stephan of the ice factory had offered to supply the steam free and J. T. Lawler had offered an unused house nearby.

So upon motion of Geo. Adams amended by E. H. Astin and Major McInnis it was voted that the commercial canner proposition is a failure and the club stands behind the community canner proposition to be managed by Miss Gillespie and C. L. Rason, the agricultural committee of the club to awaken interest among the local gardeners and the club to appropriate \$100 for the removal and re-installation of the canner. Tyler Haswell of the city commission thought the city could loan for a couple of days the labor of two men experienced in pipe fitting.

REGISTRATION BLANKS FOR WOMEN ARRIVE.

County Tax Collector McCulloch states that he has received blank registration certificates for the benefit of the women who desire to vote in the primary election of July 27. The attorney general has ruled that those who wish to vote must apply to the collector at the court house. In other words there will be no collectors sent out over the county as in taxpaying time. The registration of women begins Thursday, June 27, and continues for about two weeks.

DISLOYAL REMARKS.

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Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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Mrs. Lawless was born in Mississippi, March 27, 1866, but has been a resident of this county a great many years. Her husband died several years ago. Several grown children survive her and a sister, Mrs. Willis Reynolds, and a brother, J. P. Gilpin, who resides in the Kurten neighborhood.

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He has faithfully discharged his every duty in preserving the peace and order of the precinct, in enforcing its laws and responding willingly and without delay to every call of the people for protection or for any other service called upon to perform.

Mr. Baker had about made up his mind not to announce for re-election but his friends importuned him to run and this announcement is made in response to their wishes.

If again honored with the office he promises in the future as in the past the very best service he is capable of rendering.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days

Druggists refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles, and you can get instantly relief by using Piles, and you can get restful sleep after the first application. Price 50c.

WANTED!

We will buy second hand
feed bags at 10 cents each.

Help Win the War by
Saving Bags

We Buy Cotton Seed Every
Day in the Year

Bryan Cotton Oil and
Fertilizer Company

A Home Institution

EDITORIAL DEPARTMENT OF THE BRYAN WEEKLY EAGLE

Vote for Democrats Who Support the President
and the War.

Vice President Marshall says Democrats should stand behind those Democratic candidates only who support the president and the war. A Temple man communicated to one of the morning dailies this week to the effect that James E. Ferguson, who thinks he is in the race for governor, has not in his Ferguson's Forum, his political sheet published at Temple, ever said a single word in praise of the president or commendatory of the kaiser or German Prussianism. On April 10, 1917, citizens of Dallas held a mass meeting which was intended to voice their approbation of the administration at Washington and confidence in President Wilson. James E. Ferguson spoke at that meeting for an hour and a half against President Wilson and the draft law. At the conclusion of the speech the crowd almost unanimously adopted a motion that the president be followed on the selective draft law. On the following day, April 11, 1917, Ferguson deposited in the American National bank at Austin, after banking hours, \$25,000 in currency, and on April 13, 1917, two days later, he caused to be shipped to the Houston National Exchange bank another \$25,000 in currency. This is \$50,000 of the \$156,000 he received so mysteriously and will not tell where he got it, said General M. M. Crane in his Houston speech.

"Whether the two items of currency had anything to do with his opposition to the president's plan is for him to disclose as he has never told where he got that currency. The suggestion herein made finds further support in the fact as disclosed by the evidence of the recent congressional investigation that the German alliance formed in America with the approval of the kaiser, was very ardently supporting him in 1914, and presumably they continued to support him as long as he did their bidding. Two of the things the German alliance insisted on were teaching German in the common schools of America and the control of the universities of the nation. It is to be noted that all the professors whom Jim Ferguson wished to have dismissed were ardent American patriots. The one he wished retained was Professor Keasby, who was subsequently dismissed by the board of regents because there was a question as to his loyalty to the country and flag but he was a friend of Ferguson. I care not which horn of the dilemma Jim Ferguson takes whether he wanted to destroy the university because he could not add it to his political machine, however much it might embarrass the president in training experts for the army, or whether he was seeking to control it for the benefit of his friends of the German alliance, that alliance always having been for him is a matter I do not feel it necessary to determine at present."

Mr. Ferguson has naturally denied the conclusions deduced by these incidents and proclaimed his loyalty but he has not as yet succeeded in refuting the implications. He can do that only by telling where he got the \$156,000. He said in the impeachment trial that friends loaned it to him without security of any kind. Were these the right sort of friends they would release him of his obligation to secrecy now that he is unquestionably embarrassed by the implied charges of disloyalty. The German alliance is no more. The breweries of Texas are all in the 10-mile zone and the prohibition question, now that Texas women have been given the ballot, will likely be settled forever within the next two years. They doubtless see the handwriting on the wall. If they gave Ferguson the money they made a mighty poor investment as things have turned out. It proved a boomerang for them and for him. They could save him now and lose no more than they will anyhow, if they would acknowledge having given him the money, if they did. The probabilities are that if they gave him that money it was not as brewers but as agents for the German alliance. That he is allied with the pro-Germans is further evidenced by the fact that he, a few weeks ago, filed two law suits and instead of filing them in his home county or the county of the defendant he filed them both in strong German counties in Texas. This is an insult to the loyal Americans of German extraction in those counties and pre-supposes a disloyalty that exists in the hearts of only a few Germans now. Thousands of them are just as loyal as any Americans in the world. But where there are pro-Germans among them there will be found Ferguson men and Ferguson, knowing that, figured that he was

entering the house of his friends and co-laborers in filling these suits where he did.

Vice President Marshall is a staunch Democrat. Notwithstanding he spoke to the Democrats of Indiana he was addressing the Democrats of Texas. He told us to support those Democrats who are backing the president and the war. Ferguson's public record has been that of opposition to the president and the administration plan of conducting the war. Hence, as loyal Democrats we can not acknowledge the leadership of Wilson and Marshall and at the same time consistently vote for Ferguson.

Hobby's record has been a consistent war record. There is not a thing in it in opposition to the administration or its war policies. He has endeavored in every way to meet the administration's war requirements and desires. He is loyal, efficient and has no shady past he refuses to uncover to the public.

MAYOR'S PROCLAMATION.

In accordance with the proclamation issued by the president of the United States and that promulgated by the governor of the state of Texas, designating June 28 as national war savings day and summoning all wages earners and taxpayers, male and female, of the union to meet together at 2 o'clock on the afternoon of said day at the school house or designated meeting places of their several school districts, then and there to pledge the greatest amount of their savings to be invested the remainder of the year in war savings stamps; therefore,

I, Jno. M. Lawrence, mayor of the city of Bryan, do hereby proclaim and designate the said 28th day of June as national war savings day in the city of Bryan and do solemnly call upon all adult wage earners and taxpayers of the said city of Bryan to be present at said meetings and then and there to make their pledges as required by the presidential proclamation, which calls upon the people of the state of Texas to save and invest \$91,000,000 in war savings stamps, their savings to be accomplished by the curtailment of unnecessary expenditures of money so that goods and services, needed in such vast quantities for the winning of the war, may be conserved. The material needs necessary to the successful prosecution of the war can be met only by the people of this nation denying themselves customary but needless expenditures.

Therein fail not. The United States treasury department has issued instructions that the officers of such meetings shall list all persons in their districts who fail to attend said meetings and that said list of absentees shall be forwarded to the state director of the national war savings committee and thence to the secretary of the national treasury department. In the performance of his duty June 28th, 1918, let no citizen of Bryan fail. It is further ordered that all stores and places of business be closed from 1:30 to 4 p. m.

Witness my hand this the 24th day of June, 1918.

JNO. M. LAWRENCE,
Mayor of the City of Bryan.

GRIFFIN NOT INFALLIBLE HENCE ADMITS MISTAKE.

From Monday's Daily Eagle

Chief Clerk George Griffin admits that one point at least he and the kaiser differ radically. The kaiser is the chosen of God, therefore infallible. We know this to be a fact, because the kaiser told us himself and our experience with him shows that he is a bigger man than was Ananias in his line. Mr. Griffin frankly admits that he is not infallible, that he does make mistakes sometimes, especially when he is doing his own work and that of the exemption board, now composed of one not very active member. Mr. Griffin called a bunch of men to report today for entrainment to Camp Travis, 23, in fact. In some manner, he knows not how, he notified them to report here June 24, having looked at the several and sundry confusing calls wrong. They should go June 26. The men reported, he gave them instructions to be at the depot and they were about to be entrained when the error was discovered.

"I am blaming nobody but myself," said Mr. Griffin. "I made a 'bust.' I don't know how I did it, but I am acknowledging it."

The men, 23 of them, were told to come back Wednesday for their joy ride to San Antonio at the ultimate expense of the kaiser.

SHE SLAPPED THE KAISER.

Houston, June 21.—"I pray to God every night that the kaiser and his armies will not win this war," said a German woman who registered as an enemy alien at the police station. She explained that she is about 60 years of age and that she came to this country while young. She tells of meeting with the kaiser once while she was a child. At that time the German ruler was the crown prince, and in some manner she crossed him. The crown prince slapped her and she in a most spirited manner returned the slap with such force that the German blue blood reeled from the blow. This woman insists that she is just as patriotic as any person born in this country and she hates the German rulers just as much if not more than many patriotic Americans.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect the Head
Because of its tonic and laxative effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is better than ordinary Quinine and does not cause nervousness nor ringing in head. Remember the full name and look for the signature of E. W. GROVE, 30c.

HANCOCK APPROVES BRYAN'S APPLICATION FOR STREET MATERIAL

From Monday's Daily Eagle

All formalities necessary to getting before the United States highway commission the petition of the city of Bryan for permission to purchase asphalt or other material for topping the paving on Main and connecting streets were completed this morning. Hon. Curtis Hancock, chairman of the Texas highway commission, was here this morning and made a personal inspection of the streets after a conference with members of the city commission. He frankly admitted that these streets are in bad shape and deteriorating badly and without any hesitation whatever said he would approve the application, send it to Austin this afternoon where it would be sent to Washington which, he anticipated, would immediately wire approval.

Bryan has a legitimate claim for this consideration, according to the terms of governmental requirements as set forth in the following letter from M. L. Requea, director of the oil division, the United States fuel administration, under date of May 13, and addressed to George A. Duran, state highway engineer, Austin, Texas:

"In order that the fuel oil requirements of our allies as well as our own army and navy and essential war industries may be fully satisfied, it is found necessary to limit the use of petroleum and coal in the manufacture of road products, such as asphalt, road binders, road oils, tar binders or dressings.

"The United States is now being drawn upon to an ever increasing extent for petroleum products, especially fuel oil. It will be appreciated that this demand must be satisfied. Commencing this date we request that all highway work in your state of any character, including municipal work, involving the use of the above mentioned materials, be passed upon by your state highway department. A special permit of the fuel administration, oil division, will be required before delivery of purchases will be authorized.

"Enclosed you will find forms on which all applications for the above mentioned road materials must be made. Preference will be given to material for maintenance and repair work. The supply of the above material for road work is so limited that it is requested that all new construction involving these materials be deferred this year except in cases where such work is necessary toward the winning of the war. These forms should be filled out covering maintenance, reconstruction or new construction and certified to by the state highway department as to the vital necessity of the work under existing war conditions and the quantity of the material involved. They should then be mailed to L. W. Page, director, bureau of public roads, Washington, D. C. Mr. Page acting as chairman of a committee which will consider the necessity of the material being supplied and make recommendation to the oil division of the fuel administration, which will issue permits in accordance with the recommendation when the necessary material is available.

"It is requested that you give this matter full publicity, so that all parties concerned will be familiar with the procedure necessary to procure supply of these materials."

County Judge J. T. Maloney joined Mr. Hancock and Mr. Greer in their perambulations over the streets under consideration.

"Don't you need more money for road work?" Mr. Hancock asked the judge.

"Would it be possible to get aid in road district No. 1?" asked the judge in reply.

"Yes," said Mr. Hancock.

"Well, we have about three miles in road district No. 1 which have been graded and on which bridges have been built, all on the King of Trails, which we want to improve."

"Will it be necessary to have any gravel by rail?"

"No."

"Well, I can give you assistance for that out of state funds and not bother about going to the government for it."

A little later Mr. Hancock said: "You have read or seen the play, 'Brewster's Millions,' haven't you? Well, we are having about as hard a time spending our road aid money as Brewster had in getting rid of his millions."

Mr. Hancock was here with the liberty loan train on April 9, and delivered a hot patriotic speech. He is still as hot as a patriot and is full of optimism.

"When we get those Germans with their faces turned the other way, which will happen when General Foch tells the time is ripe, they will go pell-mell across Germany, and that nation will cease to be a factor in world affairs. Do you know, I was told the other day that they are actually printing geographies in New York for use in teaching in the public schools with Germany left off the map? The German and the German language will have to go, in this country particularly, for this will be a country of America for Americans."

WALLACE-SMITH.

B. G. Wallace and Mrs. Lizzie Smith, both of this city, were quietly married Saturday evening at 9 o'clock by Judge J. T. Maloney at his office. Both the contracting parties have spent the greater part of their lives in Bryan and Brazos county and have many friends. They are domiciled at the pleasant home of Mr. Wallace in the northern part of the city.

If you have the itch don't scratch. It does not cure the troubles and makes the skin bleed. Apply Ballard's Snow Liniment. Rub it gently on the affected parts. It relieves itching instantly and a few applications removes the cause thus performing a permanent cure. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by E. J. Jenkins.

PUT THE CANNER ON COMMUNITY BASIS AND OPERATE IT

County Judge J. T. Maloney at a special meeting of the commercial club directors brought up the canning proposition and it was finally decided to operate it as a community canner instead of as a commercial enterprise. The canning outfit was purchased and installed by Allen Smith upon the presentation of a committee from the club. He laid in a stock of cans but finds he can not run it at a profit corresponding with the profits in his other activities. Statements were made that he has worked under handicaps such as lack of an experienced person to take charge and operate it, he having employed a carpenter for the work; that his steam supply is not adequate by reason of which he has to create new steam for each batch of canning done.

None present were willing to pledge club funds for backing the canning proposition as a commercial or money making enterprise but there was no dissension from the oft-repeated statement that it ought to be operated as a community food conservation undertaking. It was stated that at Hearn and Dallas particularly and in all rural communities one person has charge and everybody with stuff to can takes it there, rolls up their sleeves and pitches in and helps, thus annulling any labor costs. They run the canner on either a toll basis or set a fixed price per can. It was thought possible to handle the residue of the garden crops, tomatoes, okra and even potatoes on that basis here, but it would be necessary to move the canner. Mr. Smith, according to Judge Maloney, had offered to sell the outfit or rent it. Miss Gillespie said it would have to be moved in order to get an adequate and continuous supply of live steam and Judge Maloney said George Stephan of the ice factory had offered to supply the steam free and J. T. Lawler had offered an unused house nearby.

So upon motion of Geo. Adams amended by E. H. Astin and Major McInnis it was voted that the commercial canner proposition be a failure and the club stands behind the community canner proposition to be managed by Miss Gillespie and C. L. Branson, the agricultural committee of the club to awaken interest among the local gardeners and the club to appropriate \$100 for the removal and re-installation of the canner. Tyler Haswell of the city commission thought the city could loan for a couple of days the labor of two men experienced in pipe fitting.

REGISTRATION BLANKS FOR WOMEN ARRIVE.

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Mr. Baker has lived in this precinct practically all his life and is well known to every voter. He has held the office of constable for 24 years and feels he has given the people an administration and service such as to merit his re-election.

He has faithfully discharged his every duty in preserving the peace and order of the precinct, in enforcing its laws and responding willingly and without delay to every call of the people for protection or for any other service called upon to perform.

Mr. Baker had about made up his mind not to announce for re-election but his friends importuned him to run and this announcement is made in response to their wishes.

If again honored with the office he promises in the future as in the past the very best service he is capable of rendering.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days

Druggists refund money if FAZO OINTMENT fails to cure itching, blind, bleeding or protruding Piles. Instantly relieves itching Piles, and you can get restful sleep after the first application. Price 50c.

WANTED!

We will buy second hand
feed bags at 10 cents each.

Help Win the War by
Saving Bags
We Buy Cotton Seed Every
Day in the Year

Bryan Cotton Oil and Fertilizer Company

A Home Institution

EVER SALIVATED BY
CALOMEL? HORRIBLE.

Calomel is Quicksilver and Acts Like
Dynamite on Your Liver.

Calomel loses you a day! You know what calomel is. It's mercury; quicksilver. Calomel is dangerous. It crashes into your bile like dynamite, cramping and sickening you. Calomel attacks the bones and should never be put into your system.

When you feel bilious, sluggish, constipated and all knocked out and believe you need a dose of dangerous calomel just remember that your druggist sells for a few cents a large bottle of Dodson's Liver Tonic, which is entirely vegetable and pleasant to take and is a perfect substitute for calomel. It is guaranteed to start your liver without stirring you up inside, and can not salivate.

Don't take calomel! It makes you sick and the next day; it loses you a day's work. Dodson's Liver Tonic straightens you right up and you feel great. Give it to the children because it is perfectly harmless and doesn't gripe.—Adv.

Pursuit and Capture of Happiness for the People in the Rural Communities the Conference Theme

From Tuesday's Daily Eagle
Opening the rural war conference at the college last night Dr. W. B. Bizzell outlined the inspiration and purposes of the organization. He said the country had its problems the same as the city. It might surprise some to know that the rural community has its slum problems. There is the land tenure problems with the steady increase in farm tenants in this state from about 33 per cent several years ago to about 55 per cent now. The country has its housing problem and the rural church and rural school has its problems. In this conference, the first, it is hoped to drop a pebble in the ocean of thought that its wavelets may surge upon every shore in Texas. The conference will go on with annual sessions. There is no conflict with the farmers congress or any other similar organization. Before many weeks surveys of the state will be made looking to an investigation of rural problems and the results of these will be ready for the conference next year.

Dr. Bizzell then introduced O. C. Payne, editor of Holland's Magazine,

and he is on the job all the year. A large part of that community is the teacher's home. The physician's house is there and a little way off is the church with the parsonage. "And they are all painted," said the doctor, "that it would rain paint for a week in the south."

He said it is evident that the church is becoming the base of the community, squaring with life.

"I don't believe in a minister living in the city going to the country to operate on the people," he said in speaking of the value of a resident pastor in a rural community. He spoke of another community with three churches and no resident pastor.

"These farmers had horse sense," he said, "which is something a jackass hasn't got. They decided to use one of the church buildings for a community center, the other for a parsonage and the other for a place of worship."

Dr. Mitchell told of the great agricultural missionary work of Dr. Seaman A. Knapp, reciting an incident of

community told Dr. Morse he had just three tenets, good roads whereby the people could get to church and to market, recreation whereby the young people would be properly developed under his guidance and catechetical instruction as the religious feature.

The customary test of the success of a church is to count the roses. He spoke of a county in Ohio that led the state in illegitimacy and illiteracy and yet had had 1500 revivals. "There may be no connection between the condition and the revivals, but the sad part is that there is no connection with religion," he said.

"Pure bred churches do not grow where there are razorback hogs," he said in illustrating the need for a higher church standard in the country. "The church that does not interest itself in whatever is for the welfare of the community is digging its own grave. The test of church success is that of usefulness. The problem of the church today is to take the old story and interpret it in the language of the community."

The conference then opened will continue with day and night sessions throughout the week.

To make Jesus and his principles dominant in the life of the individual and the community.

To do what Christ would be doing were he on earth in person today.

To supply whatever need an individual or community may have.

To provide better food and clothing and houses for the people through bringing them into touch with better systems of production and marketing of farm products.

To serve the spiritual, intellectual, economic and the social life of the community.

These were announced as the duties of the rural church by O. C. Payne, editor of Holland's Magazine, in an interesting address before the war conference on rural social activities at A. and M. college this morning. Mr. Payne spoke on the subject, "The Social Responsibility of the Church," and in addition to the points stressed above he declared that whatever is good for man is Christian and that the church is doing Christian service in supplying those needs. The test of a man is no longer is he a good man? but that he shall do good.

Some of the tendencies, good and bad, of the rural school were discussed by Prof. C. J. Brown, rural school specialist of the state department of education of Louisiana. Among the points he stressed were the following:

The small school is doomed and the change in organization of the rural school whereby several small schools are being consolidated into one strong one is altogether wholesome.

The county unit of administration, finance and school management is desirable and is rapidly coming.

An enriched curriculum is needed but it must be limited.

Permanent teachers are one of the greatest needs of rural schools and the establishment of teacherages is coming to solve this problem in a large way.

The proportion of women teachers in the rural schools is too great, but the remedy for this has not been found.

Many schools are trying to cover too many subjects and do too many things, compelling them to overlook giving the proper emphasis to things which are fundamental.

Greater sanity is needed on the part of many educators, especially in regard to attitude toward the war, and the addresses of President Wilson on this country's war aims should be studied in the class room and in the army training camps.

Prof. W. F. Doughty, state superintendent, who presided at the double conference—those on the rural church and the rural school having been merged for today—announced in calling the body to order, that the aim of the state department of education was to bring all the rural schools up to a state of 100 per cent efficiency and then enlist all the children in these schools.

Following the chief addresses of the morning there was a round table discussion opened to give the persons in attendance upon the meeting an opportunity to express their views and Dr. W. S. Sutton, dean of education in the University of Texas and others participated in this feature of the program.

This afternoon the delegates and other visitors to the conference were taken for an automobile inspection of the war work that is being done by the college, the college grounds and of the experiment station farm, the feeding and breeding stations and the various projects which are being carried on there.

For tonight's open meeting in the college auditorium to which the public is invited the speakers will be Prof. C. J. Brown, rural school specialist of the state department of education of Louisiana, and Dr. Hermann N. Morse, rural church specialist of the home mission board of the Presbyterian church.

GENERAL STODDARD IS 78.

General H. B. Stoddard passed the 78th milestone on the journey of his life today and was receiving the congratulations of his many friends because of the fact that time had dealt so lightly with him and that he wore the weight of his years so lightly. The general has been a citizen of Brazos county for 53 years, coming here immediately from the sanguinary conflict between the states in which he bore an honorable part as a gallant soldier of the south. His friends wish for him many years yet among the people who have known him all their lives and who honor and love him.

Drives Out Malaria, Builds Up System

The Old Standard general strengthening tonic, GROVE'S TASTELSS CHILL TONIC, drives out malaria, enriches the blood and builds up the system. A true tonic. For adults and children. 50c Adv.

TWO NEW MEMBERS EXEMPTION BOARD HAVE BEEN NAMED

From Thursday's Daily Eagle
Dr. P. M. Rysor and Robert Armstrong at 4 p. m. Wednesday received telegrams from Austin advising them that they had been commissioned as members of the local exemption board. They take the places of Dr. James Byars and Dr. J. L. Fountain, resigned.

Because of dissensions in the board and failure to agree upon policy, Major John C. Townes, in charge of the administration of the selective draft law in Texas, visited Bryan within the past fortnight, made an investigation of the situation, decided that there should be changes made in the board and requested the county council of defense to make recommendations. The council took the stand that if that body was to make any recommendation at all, it would recommend an entirely new board, that a fresh start might be made without the handicaps of any policies of the old board. Major Townes agreed to this and stated he would see W. C. Boyett, discuss the matter with him and get his resignation or in lieu of that write him a letter reviewing the situation. The council then submitted the names of Dr. Rysor, Mr. Armstrong and A. B. O'Flaherty, all of whom were satisfactory to Major Townes.

While these gentlemen were loth to assume the work, knowing that it entails a lot of labor and a world of harsh and adverse criticism, such as has been visited on the old board, which has done the pioneer work and borne the brunt of criticism, nevertheless they were willing as patriots to undertake whatever was called upon to do. In fact Mr. Armstrong was quoted to the effect that he could not possibly serve and a appointment was made of asking the appointment of Hon. Lamar Bethea, who has acted as attorney in preparing questionnaires and advising registrants.

Whether or not Mr. Boyett resigned is not known. The appointments of Dr. Rysor and Mr. Armstrong have the effect of leaving him on the board until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

CATCHING UP WITH NEGRO DELINQUENT ARMY REGISTRANTS

One from Friday's Daily Eagle
The board is catching up with delinquent registrants, finding them in all sections of the country. Most of them are negroes and several are Mexicans who although they registered as subjects of Mexico, feared they would be drafted. No delinquent white men have been found, those thus disposed usually seeking deferred classification or temporary postponement of their calls.

This morning's mail brought to Chief Clerk Griffin interesting information relative to Charles Powell, a negro registrant who had responded to no call of the board, never having filled out his questionnaire or been examined. The local board at Sherman reported the detention of Powell and expressed the opinion that his delinquency is wilful, supporting this opinion by affidavits and offering to require him to fill out his questionnaire, have him examined and send him to Camp Bowie. They say he is evidently a bad negro but will make a good soldier. One of the affidavits is by Dan Shivers who swears that three days after registration on June 5, 1917, Powell stated that registering is all he would do and that they would never get him in the army. The other affidavit is by A. T. Cook who swears that when he asked Powell about his questionnaire he said he was too young to register. This was in December, 1917.

Another case is that of Ciphers Mc Gowan, a negro reported by a local board at Springfield, Mass., where his allegiance was located by the police through his possession of a registration card. McGowan registered at Steele's Store. He had never filled out his questionnaire. In response to this advice, Mr. Griffin wrote the Springfield board to require him to fill out his questionnaire, have him examined and investigate to find out if his delinquency is wilful.

Harvey, June 20.—We are needing rain again. At 9:30 the thermometer registered 88, we sweated and nearly melted at the Red Cross rooms yesterday but finished 16 shirts with only 12 or 14 percent. We need more workers. Some few have to work so hard while others never seem to think it their duty to come at all. We meet again in two weeks and hope to see you there. Miss Willie Weeden treated the workers to a basket of fine peaches.

Yesterday was emancipation day but the negroes did not celebrate much, most of them going picnicking on the river.

Raymond Jones paid his family a farewell visit prior to "going over." Miss Vesta Pate is at home from Huntsville, where she has been taking a normal course. Miss Delores Thilodeaux is at home. She has been teaching in the high school at Port Arthur. She and her sister, Miss Annie Shaw, will leave for Fort Worth soon to take business courses.

We are glad to welcome Miss Ardelia Jones home from C. T. A. Ardelia is a zealous Red Cross worker.

Miss Gladys Dowling is visiting Mrs. Will Rains.

Mrs. Cobb is at home after an extended visit to her daughter in Mississippi.

Carl Morgan and Miss Nora Hamilton were quietly married last Wednesday and left for a visit to their parents in West Texas. Mr. Morgan expects to receive his "call" on about June 25.

Mrs. Will Goen is right sick.

Mrs. O. A. Jones is on the sick list this week.

A letter from Geo. Davidson this afternoon states that it is real cold at Fort Sheridan and the beautiful lake so close by is so icy cold that it bars them from the enjoyment of bathing in it, but he was going to try it again. He said the A. and M. boys had had the most extensive drilling of any there, in every variety of drilling, which is quite an advantage to them.

AUTOMOBILE LICENSE MONEY PAYABLE HERE.

County Tax Collector McCulloch, under the amendment to the highway commission law, receives the money for licenses of auto owners in this county. Heretofore the commission has received the money direct. Mr. McCulloch issues a receipt for the money paid and forwards the information to the commission which issues the license tags and new numbers where necessary.

For Indigestion, Constipation or Biliousness

Just try one 50-cent bottle of LAX-FOS WITH PEPSIN. A Liquid Digestive Laxative pleasant to take. Made and recommended to the public by Paris Medicine Co., manufacturers of Laxative Bromine and Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic.

Adv.

TRANS ATLANTIC AIR SERVICE BY NEXT SUMMER PREDICTED

(By Associated Press)
Washington, June 21.—American air and seaplanes should be flying across the Atlantic to the western front by next summer, General W. Branker of the British air service, declares. He is in Washington co-operating with the American aircraft officials in the program. England already has decided on trans-Atlantic flights to find routes for American made machines. He estimates that 40 hours will be required. The first flight will be made in the fall in a British made machine.

The first flight will be from Newfoundland to Ancon, thence to Portugal and to Ireland. Four men will man the flyer, an engineer, relief pilots and a navigation officer.

SANITATION AND ROAD MATTERS DISCUSSED BY TEXAS MAYORS

J. W. Greer has returned from the convention of the League of Texas Municipalities with several important matters in mind that will be good for Bryan. While there he discussed with various members and listened to and participated in the various discussions relative to sanitation and health. Bryan has two problems, one of which is the cleaning of open closets and keeping them clean, and the other is the public toilet proposition. None there present offered any solution of the first problem, that he considered applicable to Bryan, better than that already proposed, and as to the second he found a cheap substitute for the high priced fixtures usually installed in toilet rooms.

Another important subject brought up and discussed was the equitable apportionment between towns and rural sections of the marines received from automobile license taxes, half of which is returned to the counties for a maintenance fund. The statement was made that 67 per cent of the wealth and population are in the cities and yet the speaker had never heard of a county judge who recognized the cities as having any rights to these funds.

To this Mr. Greer responded that he knew of one county judge who had apportioned approximately \$40,000 of a good roads fund to a city and later had about doubled it.

"Who is it? Name him!" several shouted.

"His name is Maloney and he is the judge of Brazos county and the former mayor of Bryan."

"Hurrah for Maloney," the crowd shouted.

Mr. Greer says it was a busy business with morning, afternoon and night sessions. They took their lunches with the commercial club and the Rotary club on the respective days and between the afternoon and night sessions on one day were guests at Brackenridge villa in San Antonio.

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Adv.

SIXTY-FOUR PURCHASE \$1,000 EACH OF WAR SAVINGS CERTIFICATES

County's Quota is \$379,000 --- Plan of the Law is to Encourage Thrift and Habits of Saving Among People of Small Means --- Pledges to Be Made at Meetings Friday Night.

CANNOT AFFORD TO EXPERIMENT NOW WITH PROHIBITION

(By Associated Press)
Washington, June 25.—Declaring the nation can not afford to experiment this time, Chairman Hurley of the shipping board opposed absolute prohibition before the senate agricultural committee.

Percy Johnston, vice president of the Chemical National bank, speaking for a committee of bankers, also told the committee absolute prohibition would result in financial catastrophe throwing many banks and thousands of firms into bankruptcy.

Postmaster General Burleson expressed the fear that prohibition would interfere with the prosecution of the war.

Mr. Hurley said the chief labor difficulties in connection with shipbuilding had been in dry territory. He supported the statement of Bainbridge Colby, a member of the shipping board, that the withdrawal of wines and beer would reduce the ship output 25 per cent.

Secretary Daniels advocated prohibition and said the dry order in the navy had increased its efficiency.

Samuel Gompers said organized labor is overwhelmingly opposed to prohibition.

Bringing up the question that it would throw discord among the whole people, Mr. Burleson said, "This is no time to have patience with fanatics nor listen to extremists. It might delay the end of the war many months."

CITATION IN PROBATE.

The State of Texas.

To all persons interested in the welfare of Wilson C. Parker, minor: On the 9th day of May, A. D. 1918, the Honorable J. T. Maloney, county judge of Brazos county, Texas, made an order appointing J. W. Rawls temporary guardian of the estate of the above named minor, which said order is now recorded in the probate minutes of said court, said minor having an estate of the probable value of \$250, consisting of \$250 interest in real estate, \$3000 insurance policy on life of his father, V. C. Parker, deceased.

All persons interested in the welfare of Wilson C. Parker, are hereby cited to appear before the county court of Brazos county, Texas, at the court house in the city of Bryan, Texas, on the 15th day of July, A. D. 1918, the same being at a regular term of said court, then and there to contest such appointment if they so desire, and that if such appointment is not contested at such term, then the same shall become permanent.

Herein fail not, but have you before said court on the first day of the next term thereof, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same. Witness my hand and official seal at Bryan, Texas, this 18th day of June, 1918.

H. O. FERGUSON,
Clerk County Court, Brazos County, Texas.

I hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original writ now in my hands.

T. C. NUNN, Sheriff.

TWO MORE MEN DRAFTED.

From Thursday's Daily Eagle
As the state was short about 40 men in the last two calls for auto mechanics Major Townes telephoned a request for two men from this county to help make up the deficiency, accordingly Edgar R. Mainard and Wm. B. Pressley were taken from the list of men called to report June 23 and sent to A. and M. college this morning for training in this work. They went out on the interurban after receiving their instructions and comfort kit.

FARMERS FEED THEMSELVES.

Newport News, Va., June 22.—American farmers will not need outside help to feed themselves and it is time for city consumers to take some concern for their own sustenance, Clarence Ousley, assistant secretary of agriculture, said in an address before the Bankers' association in session at Old Point. There has been no breakdown in American agriculture, Mr. Ousley asserted. He said the farmers were meeting their war tasks and told of the great promised crop of 1918. If the weather continued favorable, he said, nothing but shortage of farm labor could prevent the continuance of the food efficiency.

THIRSTY CROWD BID ON CONFISCATED LIQUOR.

(By Associated Press)
Fort Worth, June 24.—A crowd a block deep bid on confiscated liquor offered for sale by federal authorities from the postoffice steps. The liquor was found within the ten-mile zone.

45,000 PRISONERS IN PIAVE FIGHTING.

(By Associated Press)
Washington, June 25.—A Rome dispatch to the Italian embassy confirms the report that Austrian prisoners in the fighting on the Piave numbered 45,000.

Contributions in the war savings campaign have begun. Chairman Astin this morning reported 64 purchases of \$1000 each, making a total of \$64,000. There had been previously sold something like \$30,000, but as some who purchased before may be included in this list the grand total sales to date is perhaps closer to \$80,000 than \$100,000. The county is to make pledges Friday to purchase a total of \$379,000 between now and December 31.

Under the law authorizing the sale of war savings stamps and certificates no individual may purchase over \$1000. Hence these purchases are known as members of the limit club. The plan of the law is to encourage saving and thrift among those of small incomes, including children. The cost of a certificate varies from month to month, the aggregate earnings decreasing with the approach of the day of payment.

The \$1000 subscriptions in this county thus far are as follows:

Eugene Edge and family	\$4000
Mrs. G. S. Parker and family	2000
E. H. Astin and family	3000
Bryan Power Co.	1000
W. J. Coulter	1000
Parker Astin Hardware Co.	1000
Sam B. Wilson	1000
Sam B. Wilson & Co.	1000
City National Bank	1000
E. J. Fountain	1000
O. H. Astin	1000
First State Bank	1000
Lawrence Grocery Co.	1000
Dr. J. W. Howell	1000
Mrs. Nannie Rhode	1000
Mrs. R. W. Howell	1000
Howell & Co.	1000
Bryan Telephone Co.	1000
John W. Coulter	1000
H. O. Boatwright	1000
First National Bank	1000
Bryan Cotton Oil Fertilizer	1000
J. W. Howell	1000
Geo. Stephan	1000
R. Q. Astin	1000
Mrs. D. D. Eastham	1000
W. S. Howell	1000
Webb Bros.	1000
Phillip Hermer	1000
A. M. Waldrop & Co.	1000
Edge Dry Goods Co.	1000
J. L. Edge	1000
John K. Parker	1000
M. Parker Estate	1000
Mrs. M. J. Parker	1000
Tyler Haswell	1000
Cole Hardware Co.	1000
Allen Smith	1000
Mrs. J. N. Cole	1000
E. S. Wickes	1000
B. H. Knox	1000
Dansby Furniture Co.	1000
W. J. Coulter Co.	1000
Vick Bros.	1000
Jas. O. Chance	1000
Samuel Levy	1000
Julius Levy	1000
J. Groginski	1000
Osborn S. Johnson	1000
Mrs. Jas. O. Chance	1000
Bryan Ind. School	1000
M. F. Dansby	1000
Bryan Press Co.	1000
J. Gelber	1000
H. P. Dansby	1000
Dr. R. N. Blackwell	1000
J. Allen Myers	1000
Bryan-College Interurban	1000
Total	\$64,000

JOHNSON A COUNCILOR

GOOD ROADS ASSOCIATION.

O. S. Johnson has received from D. E. Cop, secretary of the Texas Good Roads association, notification of his election to one of the four vacancies in the councilors of the association. Mr. Cop makes mention in his letter of the fact that Mr. Johnson has been of great help in the work of road improvement in Texas, a fact well known to his Bryan associates who have found him very active always in this work as well as other lines of endeavor.

T. A. Hensarling was in town from Coleview today.

George Hensarling was up from Wellborn this morning.

J. W. Sheppard was here from Kurlen today.

Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Guerrant were over from Iola this morning.

GIRLS! LEMON JUICE IS SKIN WHITENER

How to make a creamy beauty lotion for a few cents.

The juice of two fresh lemons strained into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white makes a whole quart of the most remarkable lemon skin beautifier at about the cost one must pay for a small jar of the ordinary cold creams.

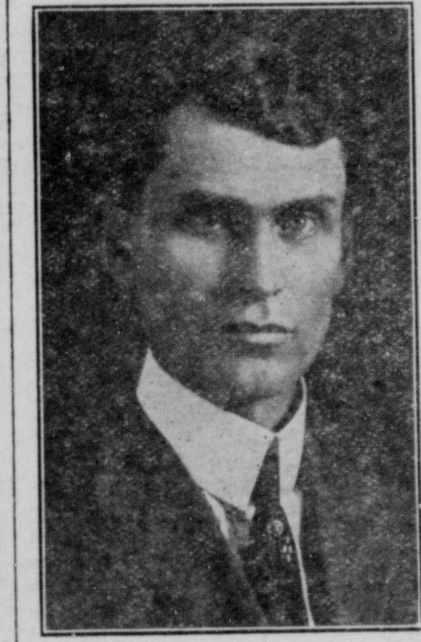
Care should be taken to strain the lemon juice through a fine cloth, so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener, whiter and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any drug store and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quart of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands.

Adv.



Dr. Herman N. Morse, rural expert of the Presbyterian church, U. S. A., who is directing the division on the rural church at the war conference on rural social activities at A. and M. college June 24-29.



Prof. C. J. Brown, rural specialist, state department of education, Louisiana, who will address the war conference on rural social activities at A. and M. college June 24-29.

who is to preside over all the night sessions of the conference. Mr. Payne proved an excellent presiding officer with a novelty of introduction. He seconded the words of Dr. Bizzell and declared the ultimate purpose of the conference is to make the rural community, the village and the small town what we think they ought to be. The war is not only going to make many changes but it has already done that, we are not the same people we were six months ago. Other changes are going to take place and we are going away from the old order of things.

Dr. Samuel C. Mitchell, president of Delaware college, whom he first introduced, opened his remarks with the statement that since he had been at the college the military atmosphere made him feel that he is in a fortress, but he realized that it is a moral fortress sounding its big guns for the benefit of all the people of Texas. In the old south there were three bases of moral strength, the home, the church and the state. Now we have added a fourth, the growth of community life. Jefferson in his lifetime referred to it and urged his people to divide their counties into "wards," probably meaning well defined communities. The doctor then described a visit to Bethel, a South Carolina rural community, the center of which was marked by two roads that crossed each other. Three small schools were combined and a school house with an auditorium was erected there, one of the old school buildings was used as the teacher's house. A plot of 10 acres surrounded the school house, six of which were used for instructional purposes. The teacher was an A. B. grad-

Dr. Morse before he introduced Dr. Morse stated that there are 500 teachers homes in Texas and Texas leads the nation. Dr. Morse, he said, is a member of the Presbyterian board of home missions and the Presbyterian church have done more to study the rural church problems and sought solutions than any other denomination.

Dr. Morse in opening spoke of a little Tennessee mountain community he visited. There was a little store and in the window was a service flag with two stars. They had perhaps raised \$50 a year for community affairs and yet had given about three times that to the Red Cross. This means a great many things other than the awakening of the people of the community. When we have won this war and made the world safe for democracy we shall have just begun for what we shall have to do is to work out in the rural community the best life affords. He recited in entertaining manner an interview with a Mississippi farmer who declared that improvement comes in patches, one undertaking following another, each meeting and gradually overcoming opposition. And it is true, he said.

There was the man who cared for nothing in the world except "me and my wife, my son John and his wife, we four and no more." He was not selfish, he said. The fact is that he claimed too little. He should have claimed his neighbors near and far among his possessions and become more greatly selfish.

Asking "Has the rural church lost in prestige?" Dr. Morse took the view that the trouble is that the church may be too prone to approach the problem with the viewpoint of 50 years ago. "We have assumed that the community owes the church a living regardless of service." What is the function of a church in a community, he asked. Is it religious expression and development? Illustrating his point he spoke of a poor church which was poor because the farmers were poor, shiftless tenants and the schools were poor and shiftless. "Isn't it true," he asked, "that there are poor, shiftless farmers because of the institutions that serve it, the church and the school?"

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From Tuesday's Daily Eagle
Opening the rural war conference at the college last night Dr. W. B. Bizzell outlined the inspiration and purposes of the organization. He said the country had its problems the same as the city. It might surprise some to know that the rural community has its slum problems. There is the land tenure problems with the steady increase in farm tenants in this state from about 33 per cent several years ago to about 55 per cent now. The country has its housing problem and the rural church and rural school has its problems. In this conference, the first, it is hoped to drop a pebble in the ocean of thought that its wavelets may surge upon every shore in Texas. The conference will go on with annual sessions. There is no conflict with the farmers congress or any other similar organization. Before many weeks surveys of the state will be made looking to an investigation of rural problems and the results of these will be ready for the conference next year.

Dr. Bizzell then introduced O. C. Payne, editor of Holland's Magazine,

and he is on the job all the year. A large part of that community is the teacher's home. The physician's house is there and a little way off is the church with the parsonage. "And they are all painted. I have prayed for 53 years," said the doctor, "that it would rain paint for a week in the south."

He said it is evident that the church is becoming the base of the community, squaring with life.

"I don't believe in a minister living in the city going to the country to operate on the people," he said in speaking of the value of a resident pastor in a rural community. He spoke of another community with three churches and no resident pastor.

"These farmers had horse sense," he said, "which is something a jackass hasn't got. They decided to use one of the church buildings for a community center, the other for a parsonage and the other for a place of worship."

Dr. Mitchell told of the great agricultural missionary work of Dr. Seaman A. Knapp, reciting an incident of

munity told Dr. Morse he had just three tenets, good roads whereby the people could get to church and to market, recreation whereby the young people would be properly developed under his guidance and catechetical instruction as the religious feature.

The customary test of the success of a church is to count the roses. He spoke of a county in Ohio that led the state in illegitimacy and illiteracy and yet had had 1500 revivals. "There may be no connection between the condition and the revivals, but the sad part is that there is no connection with religion," he said.

"Pure bred churches do not grow where there are razorback hogs," he said in illustrating the need for a higher church standard in the country. "The church that does not interest itself in whatever is for the welfare of the community is digging its own grave. The test of church success is that of usefulness. The problem of the church today is to take the old story and interpret it in the language of the community."

The conference thus opened will continue with day and night sessions throughout the week.

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To do what Christ would be doing were he on earth in person today.

To supply whatever need an individual or community may have.

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A Catholic priest in a rural com-

TWO NEW MEMBERS EXEMPTION BOARD HAVE BEEN NAMED

From Thursday's Daily Eagle
Dr. P. M. Rayson and Robert Armstrong at 4 p. m. Wednesday received telegrams from Austin advising them that they had been commissioned as members of the local exemption board. They take the places of Dr. James Byars and Dr. J. L. Fountain, resigned.

Because of dissensions in the board and failure to agree upon policy, Major John C. Townes, in charge of the administration of the selective draft law in Texas, visited Bryan within the past fortnight, made an investigation of the situation, decided that there should be changes made in the board and requested the county council of defense to make recommendations. The council took the stand that if that body was to make any recommendation at all, it would recommend an entirely new board, that a fresh start might be made without the handicaps of any policies of the old board. Major Townes agreed to this and stated he would see W. C. Boyett, discuss the matter with him and get his resignation or in lieu of that write him a letter reviewing the situation. The council then submitted the names of Dr. Rayson, Mr. Armstrong and A. B. O'Flaherty, all of whom were satisfactory to Major Townes.

While these gentlemen were loth to assume the work, knowing that it entails a lot of labor and a world of harsh and adverse criticism, such as has been visited on the old board, which has done the pioneer work and borne the brunt of criticism, nevertheless they were willing as patriots to undertake whatever called upon to do. In fact Mr. Armstrong was quoted to the effect that he could not possibly serve and a petition was circulated asking the appointment of Hon. Lamar Bethea, who has acted as attorney in preparing questionnaires and advising registrants.

Whether or not Mr. Boyett resigned is not known. The appointments of Dr. Rayson and Mr. Armstrong have the effect of leaving him on the board until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

CATCHING UP WITH NEGRO DELINQUENT ARMY REGISTRANTS

From Friday's Daily Eagle
One by one the local exemption board is catching up with delinquent registrants, finding them in all sections of the county. Most of them are negroes and several are Mexicans who although they registered as subjects of Mexico, feared they would be drafted. No delinquent white men have been found, those thus disposed usually seeking deferred classification or temporary postponement of their calls.

This morning's mail brought to Chief Clerk Griffin interesting information relative to Charles Powell, a negro registrant who had responded to a call of the board, never having filled out his questionnaire or been examined. The local board at Sherman reported the detention of Powell and expressed the opinion that his delinquency is wilful, supporting this opinion by affidavits and offering to require him to fill out his questionnaire, have him examined and send him to Camp Bowie. They say he is evidently a bad negro but will make a good soldier. One of the affidavits is by Dan Shivers who swears that three days after registration on June 5, 1917, Powell stated that registering is all he would do and that they would never get him in the army. The other affidavit is by A. T. Cook who swears that when he asked Powell about his questionnaire he said he was too young to register. This was in December, 1917.

Another case is that of Ciphers McGowan, a negro reported by a local board at Springfield, Mass., where his allegiance was located by the police through his possession of a registration card. McGowan registered at Steele's Store. He had never filled out his questionnaire. In response to this advice, Mr. Griffin wrote the Springfield board to require him to fill out his questionnaire, have him examined and investigate to find out if his delinquency is wilful.

Following the chief addresses of the morning there was a round table discussion opened to give the persons in attendance an opportunity to express their views and Dr. W. S. Sutton, dean of education in the University of Texas and others participated in this feature of the program.

This afternoon the delegates and other visitors to the conference were taken for an automobile inspection of the war work that is being done by the college, the college grounds and of the experiment station farm, the feeding and breeding stations and the various projects which are being carried on there.

For tonight's open meeting in the college air dome to which the public is invited the speakers will be Prof. C. J. Brown, rural school specialist of the state department of education of Louisiana, and Dr. Hermann N. Morse, rural church specialist of the home mission board of the Presbyterian church.

GENERAL STODDARD IS 78.
General H. B. Stoddard passed the 78th milestone on the journey of his life today and was receiving the congratulations of his many friends because of the fact that time had dealt so lightly with him and that he wore the weight of his years so lightly. The general has been a citizen of Brazos county for 53 years, coming here immediately from the sanguinary conflict between the states in which he bore an honorable part as a gallant soldier of the south. His friends wish for him many years yet among the people who have known him all their lives and who honor and love him.

Drives Out Malaria, Builds Up System
The Old Standard general strengthening tonic, GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC, drives out Malaria, enriches the blood, and builds up the system. A true tonic. For adults and children. 60c Adv.

TRANS ATLANTIC AIR SERVICE BY NEXT SUMMER PREDICTED

(By Associated Press)
Washington, June 21.—American air and seaplanes should be flying across the Atlantic to the western front by next summer, General W. Brander of the British air service, declares. He is in Washington co-operating with the American aircraft officials in the program. England already has decided on trans-Atlantic flights to find routes for American made machines. He estimates that 40 hours will be required. The first flight will be made in the fall in a British made machine.

The first flight will be from Newfoundland to Ancon, thence to Portugal and to Ireland. Four men will man the flyer, an engineer, relief pilots and a navigation officer.

SANITATION AND ROAD MATTERS DISCUSSED BY TEXAS MAYORS

J. W. Greer has returned from the convention of the League of Texas Municipalities with several important matters in mind that will be good for Bryan. While there he discussed with various members and listened to and participated in the various discussions relative to sanitation and health. Bryan has two problems, one of which is the cleaning of open closets and keeping them clean, and the other is the public toilet proposition. None there present offered any solution of the first problem, that he considered applicable to Bryan, better than that already proposed, and as to the second he found a cheap substitute for the high priced fixtures usually installed in toilet rooms.

Another important subject brought up and discussed was the equitable apportionment between towns and rural sections of the marines received from automobile license taxes, half of which is returned to the counties for a maintenance fund. The statement was made that 67 per cent of the wealth and population are in the cities and yet the speaker had never heard of a county judge who recognized the cities as having any rights to these funds.

To this Mr. Greer responded that he knew of one county judge who had apportioned approximately \$40,000 of a good roads fund to a city and later had about doubled it.

"Who is it? Name him!" several shouted.

"His name is Maloney and he is the judge of Brazos county and the former mayor of Bryan."

"Hurrah for Maloney," the crowd shouted.

Mr. Greer says it was a busy business with morning, afternoon and night sessions. They took their lunches with the commercial club and the Rotary club on the respective days and between the afternoon and night sessions on one day were guests at Brackenridge villa in San Antonio.

HARVEY.
Harvey, June 20.—We are needing rain again. At 9:30 the thermometer registered 88, we sweated and nearly melted at the Red Cross rooms yesterday but finished 16 shirts with only 12 or 14 present. We need more workers. Some few have to work so hard while others never seem to think it is their duty to come at all. We meet again in two weeks and hope to see you there. Miss Willie Weeden treated the workers to a basket of fine peaches.

Yesterday was emancipation day but the negroes did not celebrate much, most of them going picknicking on the river.

Raymond Jones paid his family a farewell visit prior to "going over."

Miss Vesta Pate is at home from Huntsville, where she has been taking a normal course. Miss Delores Thibodeaux is at home. She has been teaching in the high school at Port Arthur. She and her sister, Miss Annie Shaw, will leave for Fort Worth soon to take business courses.

We are glad to welcome Miss Ardelia Jones home from C. T. A. Ardelia is a zealous Red Cross worker.

Miss Gladys Dowling is visiting Mrs. Will Rains.

Mrs. Cobb is at home after an extended visit to her daughter in Mississippi.

Carl Morgan and Miss Nora Hamilton were quietly married last Wednesday and left for a visit to his parents in West Texas. Mr. Morgan expects to receive his "call" on about June 25.

Mrs. Will Goen is right sick.

Mrs. O. A. Jones is on the sick list this week.

A letter from Geo. Davidson this afternoon states that it is real cold at Fort Sheridan and the beautiful lake so close by is so icy cold that it bars them from the enjoyment of bathing in it, but he was going to try it again. He said the A. and M. boys had had the most extensive drilling of any there, in every variety of drilling, which is quite an advantage to them.

AUTOMOBILE LICENSE
MONEY PAYABLE HERE.

County Tax Collector McCulloch, under the amendment to the highway commission law, receives the money for licenses of auto owners in this county. Heretofore the commission has received the money direct. Mr. McCulloch issues a receipt for the money paid and forwards the information to the commission which issues the license tags and new numbers where necessary.

For Indigestion, Constipation or Biliousness
Just try one 50-cent bottle of LAX-FOS WITH PEPSIN. A Liquid Digestive Laxative pleasant to take. Made and recommended to the public by Paris Medicine Co., manufacturers of Laxative Bromine and Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic.

SIXTY-FOUR PURCHASE \$1,000 EACH OF WAR SAVINGS CERTIFICATES

County's Quota is \$379,000 --- Plan of the Law is to Encourage Thrift and Habits of Saving Among People of Small Means --- Pledges to Be Made at Meetings Friday Night.

CANNOT AFFORD TO EXPERIMENT NOW WITH PROHIBITION

(By Associated Press)
Washington, June 25.—Declaring the nation can not afford to experiment this time, Chairman Hurley of the shipping board opposed absolute prohibition before the senate agricultural committee.

Percy Johnston, vice president of the Chemical National bank, speaking for a committee of bankers, also told the committee absolute prohibition would result in financial catastrophe throwing many banks and thousands of firms into bankruptcy.

Postmaster General Burleson expressed the fear that prohibition would interfere with the prosecution of the war.

Mr. Hurley said the chief labor difficulties in connection with shipbuilding had been in dry territory. He supported the statement of Bainbridge Colby, a member of the shipping board, that the withdrawal of wines and beer would reduce the ship output 25 per cent.

Secretary Daniels advocated prohibition and said the dry order in the navy had increased its efficiency.

Samuel Gompers said organized labor is overwhelmingly opposed to prohibition.

Bringing up the question that it would throw discord among the whole people, Mr. Burleson said, "This is no time to have patience with fanatics nor listen to extremists. It might delay the end of the war many months."

CITATION IN PROBATE.
The State of Texas.

To all persons interested in the welfare of Wilson C. Parker, minor: On the 9th day of May, A. D. 1918, the Honorable J. T. Maloney, county judge of Brazos county, Texas, made an order appointing J. W. Rawls temporary guardian of the estate of the above named minor, which said order is now recorded in the probate minutes of said court, said minor having an estate of the probable value of \$3250, consisting of \$250 interest in real estate, \$3000 insurance policy on life of his father, V. C. Parker, deceased.

All persons interested in the welfare of Wilson C. Parker, are hereby cited to appear before the county court of Brazos county, Texas, at the court house in the city of Bryan, Texas, on the 15th day of July, A. D. 1918, the same being at a regular term of said court, then and there to contest said appointment if they so desire, and that if such appointment is not contested at such term, then the same shall become permanent.

Herein fail not, but have you before said court on the first day of the next term thereof, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same. Witness my hand and official seal at Bryan, Texas, this 18th day of June, 1918.

H. O. FERGUSON,
Clerk County Court, Brazos County, Texas.

I hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original writ now in my hands.
T. C. NUNN, Sheriff.

TWO MORE MEN DRAFTED.
From Thursday's Daily Eagle

As the state was short about 40 men in the last two calls for auto mechanics Major Townes telephoned a request for two men from this county to help make up the deficiency, accordingly Edgar R. Mainard and Wm. B. Pressley were taken from the list of men called to report June 23 and sent to A. and M. college this morning for training in this work. They went out on the interurban after receiving their instructions and comfort kit.

FARMERS FEED THEMSELVES.
Newport News, Va., June 22.—American farmers will not need outside help to feed themselves and it is time for city consumers to take some concern for their own sustenance, Clarence Ousley, assistant secretary of agriculture, said in an address before the Bankers' association in session at Old Point. There has been no breakdown in American agriculture. Mr. Ousley asserted. He said the farmers were meeting their war tasks and told of the great promise of crop of 1918. If the weather continued favorable, he said, nothing but shortage of farm labor could prevent the continuance of the food efficiency.

THIRSTY CROWD BID
ON CONFISCATED LIQUOR.
(By Associated Press)

Fort Worth, June 24.—A crowd a block deep bid on confiscated liquor offered for sale by federal authorities from the postoffice steps. The liquor was found within the ten-mile zone.

45,000 PRISONERS IN
PIAVE FIGHTING.
(By Associated Press)

Washington, June 25.—A Rome dispatch to the Italian embassy confirms the report that Austrian prisoners in the fighting on the Piave numbered 45,000.

Contributions in the war savings campaign have begun. Chairman Astin this morning reported 64 purchases of \$1000 each, making a total of \$64,000. There had been previously sold something like \$30,000, but as some who purchased before may be included in this list the grand total sales to date is perhaps closer to \$80,000 than \$100,000. The county is to make pledges Friday to purchase a total of \$379,000 between now and December 31.

Under the law authorizing the sale of war savings stamps and certificates no individual may purchase over \$1000. Hence these purchases are known as members of the limit club. The plan of the law is to encourage saving and thrift among those of small incomes, including children. The cost of a certificate varies from month to month, the aggregate earnings decreasing with the approach of the day of payment.

The \$1000 subscriptions in this county thus far are as follows:

Eugene Edge and family	4000
Mrs. G. S. Parker and family	2000
E. H. Astin and family	3000
Bryan Power Co.	1000
W. J. Coulter	1000
Parker Astin Hardware Co.	1000
Sam B. Wilson	1000
Sam B. Wilson & Co.	1000
City National Bank	1000
E. J. Fountain	1000
Mrs. O. H. Astin	1000
First State Bank	1000
Lawrence Grocery Co.	1000
Dr. J. W. Howell	1000
Mrs. Nannie Rhode	1000
Mrs. R. W. Howell	1000
Howell & Co.	1000
Bryan Telephone Co.	1000
John W. Coulter	1000
H. O. Boatwright	1000
First National Bank	1000
Bryan Cotton Oil Fertilizer	1000
J. W. Howell	1000
Geo. Stephan	1000
R. Q. Astin	1000
Mrs. D. D. Eastham	1000
W. S. Howell	1000
Webb Bros.	1000
Phillip Hermer	1000
A. M. Waldrop & Co.	1000
Edge Dry Goods Co.	1000
J. L. Edge	1000
John K. Parker	1000
M. Parker Estate	1000
Mrs. M. J. Parker	1000
Tyler Haswell	1000
Cole Hardware Co.	1000
Allen Smith	1000
Mrs. J. N. Cole	1000
E. S. Wickes	1000
B. H. Knox	1000
Dansby Furniture Co.	1000
W. J. Coulter Co.	1000
Vick Bros.	1000
Jas. O. Chance	1000
Samuel Levy	1000
Julius Levy	1000
J. Groginski	1000
Osborn S. Johnson	1000
Mrs. Jas. O. Chance	1000
Bryan Ind. School	1000
M. F. Dansby	1000
Bryan Press Co.	1000
J. Gelber	1000
H. P. Dansby	1000
Dr. R. N. Blackwell	1000
J. Allen Myers	1000
Bryan-College Interurban	1000
Total	\$64,000

JOHNSON A COUNCILOR
GOOD ROADS ASSOCIATION.

O. S. Johnson has received from D. E. Cop, secretary of the Texas Good Roads association, notification of his election to one of the four vacancies in the councilors of the association. Mr. Cop makes mention in his letter of the fact that Mr. Johnson has been of great help in the work of road improvement in Texas, a fact well known to his Bryan associates who have found him very active always in this work as well as other lines of endeavor.

T. A. Hensarling was in town from Coleview today.

George Hensarling was up from Wellborn this morning.

J. W. Sheppard was here from Kurten today.

Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Guerrant were over from Iola this morning.

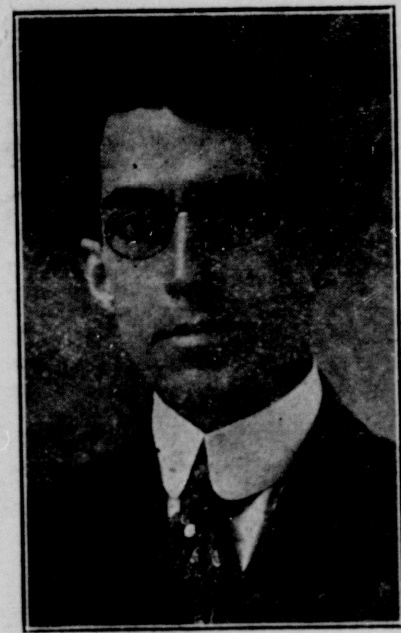
GIRLS! LEMON JUICE
IS SKIN WHITENER

How to make a creamy beauty lotion for a few cents.

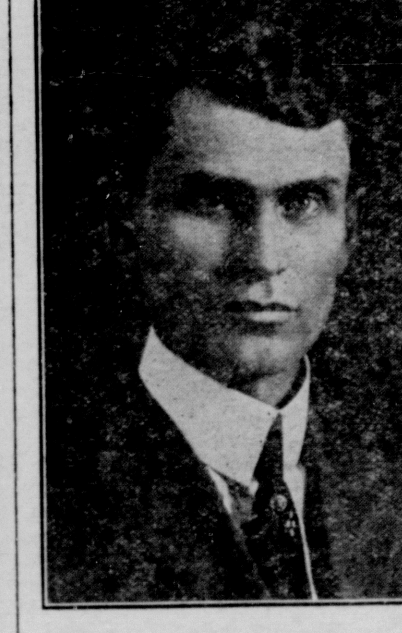
The juice of two fresh lemons strained into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white makes a whole quart of the most remarkable lemon skin beautifier at about the cost one must pay for a small jar of the ordinary cold creams. Care should be taken to strain the lemon juice through a fine cloth, so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener, whitener and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any drug store and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quart of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands.

Adv.



Dr. Herman N. Morse, rural expert of the Presbyterian church, U. S. A., who is directing the division on the rural church at the war conference on rural social activities at A. and M. college June 24-29.



Prof. C. J. Brown, rural specialist, state department of education, Louisiana, who will address the war conference on rural social activities at A. and M. college June 24-29.

who is to preside over all the night sessions of the conference. Mr. Payne proved an excellent presiding officer with a novelty of introduction. He seconded the words of Dr. Bizzell and declared the ultimate purpose of the conference is to make the rural community, the village and the small town what we think they ought to be. The war is not only going to make many changes but it has already done that, we are not the same people we were six months ago. Other changes are going to take place and we are going away from the old order of things.

Dr. Samuel C. Mitchell, president of Delaware college, whom he first introduced, opened his remarks with the statement that since he had been at the college the military atmosphere made him feel that he is in a fortress, but he realized that it is a moral fortress sounding its big guns for the benefit of all the people of Texas. In the old south there were three bases of moral strength, the home, the church and the state. Now we have added a fourth, the growth of community life. Jefferson in his lifetime referred to it and urged his people to divide their counties into "wards," probably meaning well defined communities. The doctor then described a visit to Bethel, a South Carolina rural community, the center of which was marked by two roads that crossed each other. Three small schools were combined and a school house with an auditorium was erected there, one of the old school buildings was used as surrounded the school house, six of which were used for instructional purposes. The teacher was an A. B. graduate.

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ay city | Constable Precinct 4.
Da- | L. J. COX.
46pd | LON BAKER.

TWO GREAT FACTORS IN OUR AGRICULTURAL EDUCATION ARE TOLD

Discussing the history and development of vocational agriculture in the southern states before the conference of teachers of vocational agriculture at A. and M. college this morning, C. H. Lane, federal agent for agricultural education under the Smith-Hughes act, declared that the two great events in the history of agricultural education in this country were the signing of the act creating the land grant or agricultural and mechanical colleges in the several states by President Lincoln in 1862, and the signing by President Wilson in 1917 of the Smith-Hughes act which makes possible the teaching of vocational agriculture not in the higher educational institutions of the nation but in the public schools.

It was a wise thing in some ways that the land grant colleges are separate institutions from the state universities because in some instances where the state university and the land grant college are one and the same, the university officials have used the federal funds for practically every cause represented at the college and agriculture has been greatly neglected, he said.

H. M. Eliot of the extension service of the college talked on the disposal of the products of pupils farm projects by marketing, while Miss Laura Neale of the extension service discussed the conservation of these products at home.

W. A. Broyles, associate professor of agricultural education at A. and M. talked on "Visual Instruction and Its Relation to Vocational Agriculture."

This conference will complete its labors late this afternoon and adjourn finally.

Moore-Carothers Weather Forecast.

The general weather movements due:

Cool Movement No. L—Due to develop in northwest United States June 30, will be a moderate movement with scattered showers in all sections in advance, but with little change otherwise.

No. M—Due July 4, will be a moderate to average movement for the season, with general showers in advance and bringing fair and cooler weather over the country.

Forecast for the southern states:

Next Sunday, Monday and Tuesday—The opening days of the week will be warm and fair in the south except for scattered local showers.

Wednesday and Thursday—Rains will become fairly general around midweek in all sections.

Friday and Saturday—The closing days will be fair with slightly cooler temperatures, minima ranging from the upper 60s along northern borders of the south to upper 70s on all coasts. Maxima will be in the upper 80s and around 90 for the coolest.

RECORDS DO NOT SHOW FERGUSON NOT GUILTY.

Hobby headquarters in Dallas is sending out for publication the following letter relative to the Ferguson claim that he was found not guilty as charged in the indictments in the district court of Travis county:

Austin, Texas, June 21, 1918. Mr. A. Loudin, Austin, Texas.

My Dear Sir: Your letter of even date in which you desire that I give you information with respect to the orders and judgment entered by the criminal district court of Travis county, Texas, in the cases against former Governor James E. Ferguson, to hand and contents noted.

In reply I beg to advise that all orders entered by the court in these cases were entered of record and are, therefore, subject to inspection by any citizen and certified copies of the same may be obtained by any citizen. I will say, however, for your information that these orders show that I did not pass upon the merits of any of Mr. Ferguson's cases and the orders do not show that the court held that Mr. Ferguson was not guilty on the facts. Practically all of the cases were disposed of upon legal objections to the indictments, the facts not being passed upon by the court.

One of these cases was disposed of upon the theory that the venue of the prosecution did not lie in Travis county.

With the profoundest respect, I am yours very truly, (signed) JAMES R. HAMILTON, Judge, Criminal District Court, Travis County, Texas.

What if that great western line should break, And Germany should get access to the sea, And the Turks should overrun and take over Greece, And Austria should whip Italy? Then, supposin', Jim Ferguson should tell to the world— And all of us believe it was true— Just where he got that big amount of cash! Say, what in the hell would we do?

Children that are affected by worms are pale and sickly and liable to contract some fatal disease. White's Cream Vermifuge expels worms promptly and puts the child on the road to health. Price 30c per bottle. Sold by E. J. Jenkins.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss. Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of HALL'S CATARRH cured by the use of FRANK J. CHENEY'S CURE. Sworn to before me this 6th day of December, my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1918. A. W. GLEASON, (Seal) Notary Public. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists, 75c. Family Pills for constipation.

GOLF TOURNAMENT AT COUNTRY CLUB ON FOURTH OF JULY

The annual golf tournament for the benefit of the Red Cross is to be held again this year, this time on the links of the Bryan Country club. This tournament is under the general auspices of the United States Golf association and is the second of the kind, the first having been held on July 4 of last year on the Hillcrest links. The contestants each pay an entrance fee of \$1.75 per cent of which may be donated to the local chapter.

Chairman Cline of the grounds committee of the country club is looking after the details and will receive entries from Bryan and College golf players. The winner of the medal last year is a College man, J. D. Bond. Bryan members of the country club who play golf and are willing to participate in the contest are asked to turn in their names to Dr. Cline.

MONROE DOCTRINE IN THE PACIFIC SEAS

(By Associated Press) London, June 24.—Wildam Hughes, Australian premier, will visit the United States after the imperial conference in London to give the president a full statement of Australia's policy regarding the Monroe doctrine for the Pacific. He will ask American aid in maintaining the policy.

LIEUT. BUCHANAN AMONG THE WOUNDED IN JUNE 11 FIGHTING

From Friday's Daily Eagle A cablegram was received yesterday from Lieutenant D. S. Buchanan of Paris, France, by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. G. Buchanan of Harvey, informing them that he had been wounded. The wound is only slight and was received on June 11, in the fierce fighting in which the United States marines did splendid and heroic work. He was sent to a hospital in Paris where he is now recovering.

Lieutenant Buchanan graduated at the A. and M. college in 1917 and had already volunteered in the marine corps when he received his diploma. From college he was sent to Port Royal, South Carolina, and in a short time was commissioned a first lieutenant. He was one of four young Texas officers accompanying the marines who went over with General Pershing's expeditionary forces.

His friends will be glad to know his injuries are only slight and he will soon be back on the firing line.

PROJECTS COMMITTEE OF EXTENSION SERVICE.

With the purpose of better formulating the special projects to be sponsored by the extension service of A. and M. college, a program committee has been named by T. O. Walton, acting director, to recommend projects upon which special emphasis should be given from time to time. The committee will meet the first Monday in each month and will welcome suggestions from teachers and other employees of the college and from friends generally who are interested in the aims of the extension service.

Composing the committee are R. W. Persons, D. N. Barrow, C. M. Evers, W. B. Lanham, Harmon Benton, Miss Cornelia Simpson and Miss Alma Merwin.

DISTRICT COURT.

H. S. Morehead, Judge. Tom Williams vs. Annie Williams, divorce granted on the ground of cruel treatment and parties forbidden to remarry except with each other until after 12 months from June 15, 1918.

J. H. Easton vs. Bertha Easton, divorce granted on grounds of cruel treatment and marriage forbidden except to each other for 12 months from June 17, 1918.

Ella B. Spates vs. Frank Spates, divorce granted.

Motion for bond for costs were made in the following cases and motion granted with order that plaintiffs comply by the first day of the next term of court: Annie Stapleton vs. Tony Woodard, J. W. Howell vs. Minnie Peterson, Percy J. Lewis vs. P. H. and G. B. Hensarling.

W. J. Coulter & Co. vs. R. W. Smith and R. E. Swancoot, on account, plea of privilege of defendant, H. H. Smith, overruled, judgment for plaintiff for \$300 and that plaintiff take nothing as against defendant Swancoot.

Robert W. Mitchell vs. H. & T. C. railroad, appeal from justice court, judgment for plaintiff for \$50 by agreement.

Tom Sebasta vs. Edward W. Wilkerson, et al., partition, report of receiver W. I. McCullough, filed and approved and receiver discharged after he has made deed to Mary Sebasta to the property, she being the purchaser thereof. A fee of \$25 allowed receiver. Costs taxed two-thirds against plaintiff and one-third against defendant.

State vs. Tony Salvaggio, carrying a pistol, dismissed on motion of county attorney.

State vs. Tony Salvaggio, aggravated assault, plea of guilty and fined \$25.

OLD FALSE TEETH WANTED: DON'T MATTER IF BROKEN. We pay up to \$15 per set. Also cash for old gold, silver and broken jewelry. Check sent by return mail. Goods held 10 days for sender's approval of our offer. Mazer's Tooth Specialty, Dept. A, 2007 Fifth St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Got a glass out? Phone 693. Jake Stanley.

GEN. CROWDER CALLS FOR 8976 MEN TO REPORT ON JULY 15

(By Associated Press) Washington, June 21.—Provost Marshal General Crowder has issued a call for 8976 registrants qualified for general service to be sent July 15 to various camps for training.

8150 TEXANS CALLED FOR THREE DAYS.

(By Associated Press) Austin, June 21.—Calls for 8150 Texas registrants have been issued for July 5, 15 and 16. Two thousand of them are white. The calls provide for 1000 white men to Fort Sam Houston, 150 to Jackson Barracks July 5, 1000 to Fort Sam Houston July 15 and 6000 negroes to camp Travis July 16.

BALL PLAYERS NOT MENTIONED

(By Associated Press) Washington, June 21.—New draft regulations covering work or fight order do not rule specifically on ball players.

In the work or fight cases the boards will consider the illness and the impossibility to procure productive employment without change of residence and vacation as grounds for waiving the order. Boards are asked to help registrants obtain productive employment.

MILLION TONS NEW SHIPPING BY END OF PRESENT MONTH

(By Associated Press) Washington, June 24.—The first million tons of new ships built for the shipping board on contract will probably be reached before the end of this month. Deliveries of the last week were five steel vessels, making a total of 1918 production of 924,200 tons.

GERMAN WOMAN HELD IN AN ARSON CASE

(By Associated Press) Sherman, Tex., June 24.—A German woman has been arrested in connection with a fire that destroyed the Pittman and Harrison mill and much grain. The loss is \$150,000.

CAREFUL RECORD KEPT OF WAR CONTRIBUTIONS BY COLLEGE EMPLOYEES

Following the recent action of the board of directors of A. and M. college is establishing a loyalty pledge to be taken by every instructor and employee of the college, the committees of the college in charge of the various war drives have arranged a card index system whereby they will keep an accurate record of the contribution every employee and teacher in the college makes to war purposes. The blank record that has been provided for this purpose when filled out will show what every person identified with the college has given during a given year to liberty bonds war savings stamps, the Red Cross, the Y. M. C. A. and all other war activities.

Hereafter it will not be sufficient for one connected with the college to make a mere verbal agreement to buy bonds, stamps or other war securities. He will have to produce the proof that he actually dug up the coin in helping the country win the war.

ICELESS SUNDAY IN BRYAN SHOWED OUR DEPENDENCE ON ICE

From Monday's Daily Eagle George Stephan, manager of the local ice plant, informs the Daily Eagle that after today the local ice situation will again be practically normal. The cause of the trouble Saturday and Sunday was due to the necessity of cleaning the boiler flues and making other repairs, by reason of which the plant was shut down. It does not appear that an extra supply of ice was brought in from other plants to make up the deficiency and there may be government regulations against it. The fact is Bryan celebrated an iceless Sunday and of all the war hardships this proved about the greatest. None appreciated the extent to which ice has become a necessity, as necessities go. Groceries which were not fortunate enough to have a supply on hand previously, suffered the loss of fruits, candies and fresh vegetables, while butter and cheese melted down. The ice cream parlors run as long as the ice held out, then closed up and went home, losing Sunday dinner ice cream trade and much counter trade. Housewives found the milk sour and the left overs spoiled in the refrigerator this morning because of insufficient ice to carry them through.

NEW AGENT ARRIVES FOR CENTRAL ROAD.

G. W. Martin, the new agent for the Houston and Texas Central railroad at this place, has arrived in the city and assumed his duties. His family will join him here later. Mr. Martin, in company with Cashier W. S. Wilson, Sr., called on The Eagle today and said he was highly pleased with what he had seen of Bryan and its people. He is a most pleasant and affable gentleman.

MAJOR ROOSEVELT IS HIGHLY PRAISED BY HIS COMMANDER

(By Associated Press) With American Army in France, June 24.—Major Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., was cited by his commanding general "for conspicuous gallantry in action" during operations in the capture of Cantigny. The citation says, "During an enemy raid he displayed high courage and leadership in supervising in person the action of his battalion. On the day of attack, though gassed in the lungs, he refused to be moved and retained his command."

EUROPEAN RUSSIA WHOLLY CUT OFF BY THE CZECHS-SLOVAKS

(By Associated Press) Moscow, June 21.—The Czech-Slovak control of a section of the trans-Siberian railway has completely cut off all rail and wire communication between Siberia and Russia, depriving European Russia of Siberian grain supply.

SOLDIERS ENTERTAIN TABOR CLUB IN SONG, STORY AND EXPERIENCE

From Saturday's Daily Eagle Those attending the Tabor Welfare club last night were royally entertained, while those not present missed a rare opportunity which may never be theirs again.

County Agent Beason went to the college and made arrangements with Mr. Firth to take four soldiers, Messrs. Robinson, Harris, Barber and Sprey. Three of the number were from Pennsylvania and the other was from Maryland. In the opening of the meeting County Agent Beason proposed that inasmuch as the food administration urges upon perishables first, the picture show be postponed till another time and give the hour over to the soldier boys present.

For more than an hour the men in khaki entertained with story, song and music a most appreciative audience.

Mr. Robinson of Pennsylvania with a genial smile for everybody gave many interesting incidents of camp life and said that the courtesies shown the soldiers by the southern people, especially by the people of Bryan and Brazos county, had forever wiped out the spirit of sectionalism and had given the northern soldier a taste of real southern hospitality.

Mr. Harris of Maryland praised the people of Brazos county for the interest they were taking in the welfare of the soldiers while in training here at the college and he said he had no fear of such a magnanimous people failing to subscribe their quota to war savings stamps or meeting any other obligation of this war. He spoke of the great work being done for the soldiers by the Red Cross and Y. M. C. A. and assured those present who might have boys in the army that they need not be uneasy about the moral, religious and physical welfare of the men in khaki, many of whose lives were even better guarded against evils of every kind than when they were in the home.

Messrs. Barber and Sprey delighted the audience with piano and violin music, interspersed with college and patriotic songs.

COLORED LECTURER COMING TO BRYAN.

The State Department of Agriculture, Austin, Texas, June 19, 1918. To the Bryan Daily Eagle: C. W. Rice, a young negro lecturer, will lecture to the colored people at Bryan July 2, 8:30 p. m.

His subjects are "Why the Colored Man Should Rally Around the Flag," "Food and Feed Production," "Conservation," etc.

Rice is working under the auspices of this department without salary or expenses and must depend upon private contribution to defray his expenses.

I have received reports from various places from prominent white people as well as colored, commending his work and expressing satisfaction over hearing him.

This is to request that you select two or three prominent colored people in your community and get them to arrange the place and get Rice a good crowd. I will also appreciate if you will extend the invitation to the white people to hear him.

He is a very patriotic young man and his soul is buried in the work. If you can give me the names of some prominent colored people I will write them concerning this date.

Thanking you in advance for any effort upon your part to help get out a large crowd and especially thank you if you will publish his date and urge the people to come out. Yours, respectfully, J. M. NEILL, Director of Institutes.

Want Ad Department FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One pure-bred Jersey cow; gives 3 1-2 gallons milk per day; 7 to 9 pounds butter per week. For particulars, Phone 1437, or write Box 708, Bryan, Tex. w41w38pd

CASTORIA For Infants and Children In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher*

AT MIDNIGHT TONIGHT TEXAS BECOMES DRY

Austin, June 25.—The statutory statewide prohibition act of the thirty-fifth legislature which becomes effective at midnight tonight will affect 750 saloons in Texas, that number being the only remaining ones in operation since the ten-mile zone law went into effect April 15 last. At the time the zone law became effective there were 2550 saloons in operation in the state and of this number 1800 were closed by this law.

By the closing of the 750 saloons tonight as a result of the statewide law the state will lose revenue from liquor licenses amounting to \$45,000 and the county and city revenue totals a similar amount. For each liquor license the state collects \$375 a year, a city \$187.50 and a county \$187.50.

When the zone law went into effect it eliminated a revenue of \$216,000, of which \$108,000 was collected by the state and a similar amount by cities and counties.

ZACK.

Zack, June 26.—J. L. Cobb, who is attending school in Huntsville, spent the week-end with home folks.

Miss Mary Locke spent Saturday night and Sunday at home.

The yearly reunion of the Sample family was held Sunday at the home of the oldest brother, Henry Sample. This reunion consisted of one sister, four brothers, (including their families), their mother and a few close friends. There were 43 present. Singing and taking pictures were the chief amusements in the afternoon. All too soon came the sad hour of parting. It always makes a sad feeling creep into our hearts but this time it was sadder still because we knew not how many of our boys would be in France before another year should pass away. Mrs. Joe Sample was unable to be present at the reunion on account of the serious illness of her mother. She was greatly missed and her name was mentioned many times.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Locke visited Mr. and Mrs. Koontz Sunday.

TWENTY-TWO WHITE MEN SENT TO CAMP TRAVIS TODAY.

Twenty-two white men were sent from here today and two from other points in Texas for training at Camp Travis and one negro, Ernest Todd, who failed to report on a previous call was sent along on the same train. Those who left Bryan today are as follows:

Manuel Moon, Cawthorn. Frank V. Bukowski, R. F. D. 4. Will Metzger, Kurten. Ed Hayron, Rosprim. Theo. J. Kroleczyk, R. F. D. 3. Leonard Tritico, Stone City. Joseph Matejka, Bryan. Henry J. Byer, Kurten. Bumentio Gutierrez, Millican. Chas. A. Krause, Tabor. Jas. R. Clifton, Dayton. Lawrence Scardino, R. F. D. 3. Will H. Lawless, Edge. Ben Lamo, Bryan. Stiney Boriskie, Bryan. Sam Luther, Jr., Bryan. Willie D. Risinger, R. F. D. 6. Volney Stee, Bryan. Pete Lero, R. F. D. 5. Louis Fridel, R. F. D. 5.

"HOUSEHOLD ORDERLIES" ARE SAME OLD SERVANTS.

(By Associated Press) London, May 24.—(By Mail)—Servants in England may be known as "household orderlies," if a plan of the women's industrial council works successfully. Promoters of the idea believe that the term of "servant" is objectionable to women workers and it is proposed to establish "household orderlies" in centers throughout the country.

Women are to be trained and organized for household duties and under present arrangements a wage scale of 30 shillings for a 48-hour week has been determined upon. From the district centers skilled "domestic orderlies" are to be supplied to households for a desired number of hours each day.

Attached to the centers will be a training school, a restaurant and sleeping quarters, in charge of a manager. A board of management, composed of representatives of employers and workers will decide the hours of work, holidays and the style of uniform to be worn.

Promoters of the plan say it promises a solution of the household workers' problem and suggests a "career" for thousands of girls who will lay down war work with the coming of peace and who would find no attractions in domestic service under present conditions.

Dr. Poulter Christian, osteopathic physician. Office at residence, corner Houston and 25th street, one block east of courthouse. Phone 611. tf.

DESERVES A GOLD MEDAL FOR THIS

Cincinnati authority tells how to dry up any corn or callus so it lifts right off.

You corn-pestered men and women need suffer no longer. Wear the shoes that nearly killed you before, says this Cincinnati authority, because a few drops of freezezone applied directly on a tender, aching corn stops soreness at once and soon the corn loosens so it can be lifted out, root and all, without a bit of pain.

A quarter of an ounce of freezezone costs very little at any drug store, but is sufficient to take off every hard or soft corn or callus. This should be tried, as it is inexpensive and is said not to inflame or even irritate the surrounding tissue or skin.

If your wife wears high heels she will be glad to know this. Adv.

900,000 Men Shipped to France

(By Associated Press) Washington, June 22.—Nine hundred thousand men have been shipped to France, General March announced at the weekly conference with newspaper men. The government is five months ahead of its program for sending men abroad. General March a week ago fixed the number at 800,000, showing 100,000 have gone over in a week. While the battle situation looks good, said General March, the Germans are reforming for a new drive.

Viewing the situation as a whole, the Italian front included, General March said the central powers are being held everywhere.

The Americans at Cantigny were the first division under General Robert Bullard. They also were first in France, March said.

The Cantigny fighting shows the training of American officers has reached the point where it shows systematic work under battle stars, he says. The unified command idea of President Wilson is the greatest achievement of the allies.

INCREASING ACTIVITY OF AMERICANS.

(By Associated Press) Washington, June 22.—Increasing participation of the Americans in the war is indicated by today's casualty lists. The number killed in action is the heaviest from France yet recorded. Probably there was no particular action but activity on all sectors where Americans are responsible.

MENTAL ALERTNESS TAUGHT WITH GAMES TO BRITISH SOLDIERS

American soldiers, who prize mental as well as physical efficiency, are showing much interest in a "brain drill" recently introduced into the British army. Its purpose is to teach the British soldier to think quickly and to concentrate his mind on what he is doing.

An officer lines up a company and as a preliminary to the brain drill puts the men through some simple calisthenics.

"Now," he explains, "when I say 'Do this,' you'll do it; but if I say 'Do that,' you won't do it." He carefully illustrates the motions to be done and then the motions not to be done.

"Ready! Do this, Do this, Do this." The men obey. Suddenly his arms shoot down by his side. "Do that," he commands. Unthinkingly, half the men fall into the trap he has set. Amid the laughter of the rest they are ordered to fall out and stand aside.

When all except two or three have been eliminated the game is changed. The men are formed into two lines, facing each other and about six yards apart. A cap is tossed on the ground midway between the lines and the men in couples, one from each line, walk slowly up to it and try to snatch it before the other can touch him. If, while the cap is held by the snatcher the other manages to put his finger on him before he can jump away, the cap must be dropped and the contest renewed. At last one whisks the cap away and is off.

"Crows and Cranes" is another feature of the drill. Again the men are lined up about ten yards apart, the officer standing between.

"Those on my left," the officer says, "are cranes and those on my right are crows. If I shout 'Crows,' the cranes will dash off and the cranes—will chase them. Now, are you ready?"

Then for nearly a minute he stands, giving an imitation of an automobile engine running free at full speed. "Cr-r-r-r-r-r." Both lines stand tense and eager, awaiting the word.

"Crows!" he enunciates at last. Half the crows bolt instead of dashing after the cranes. Inattention again. However, the quick-witted among the crows were after the cranes in a jump.

"This is all to teach you to act on the spur of the moment," the officer tells the men. "It may be a case of life or death whether you or the German moves first. You may be the quick or you may be the dead."

Panting, the men march off. They like the brain drill.

DANCING CRAZE IS INCREASING ENLISTMENTS.

(By Associated Press) Dallas, June 26.—Exemption board officials declare increased enlistments in the army are resulting from the dancing craze here.

Many men have joined the army, they say, because of their wives' fondness for dancing and in some cases the wife has been known to go before the draft officials and ask that her husband be taken into the army.

In some cases the man is at fault, in others the woman, and in several instances both have been found at fault. A young wife who appeared on the verge of a nervous breakdown, appeared at a local draft board and pleaded that the chairman send her husband to the army. She said her husband had promised her he would quit dancing when they married but he had become worse instead. If he were sent to the army it might bring him back to his senses, she said.

In a third case it appears both were to blame. The couple were of the opinion that they liked to dance with each other. The man claimed no exemption, the wife readily agreed to a divorce, they were separated and the man taken into the army.

On July 1 I will discontinue my city delivery service for the present. David Mike. 46pd

HER GRATITUDE SO GREAT IT CANNOT BE TOLD IN WORDS

Gained 30 Pounds on Tanlac—Is Relieved From Trouble of 25 Years Standing.

"Words of praise can't express the gratitude I feel to Tanlac, for it has not only relieved me of troubles that kept me in misery for 25 years, but has built me up until I am 30 pounds heavier than I was when I started taking it," said Mrs. J. C. Bogardus of 4220 Clifton street, El Paso, Texas, a few days ago.

"I have suffered since I was about 10 years old," she continued, "with a catarrhal trouble of the stomach and of recent years with rheumatism and it seemed my troubles were steadily growing worse.

"My food would sour on my stomach and the gas pressing against my heart affected my breathing greatly. I fell off until I only weighed 76 pounds and was so weak and nervous I got but little sleep at nights. I was constipated and suffered terribly from headaches. The rheumatism affected my lower limbs mostly and I had such pains through my back and right side I simply could not look after my household duties.

"It surely was surprising to me the way Tanlac took hold of my troubles. My appetite got better and in a short time I was eating just whatever I wanted. My strength came back to me day by day and I soon overcame the trouble from constipation and the headaches. The pains in my back and side have left me and I don't even feel the rheumatism in my lower limbs any more. I now weigh 106 pounds—more than I ever weighed before in my life. Many of my friends have spoken of my great improvement and asked what on earth I had been taking. Of course I simply tell them 'Tanlac,' for I think it the most remarkable medicine ever made."

Tanlac is sold in Bryan by N. A. Stewart, in Wellborn by J. P. Royder, in Edge by Moore & Payne, in Allen-farm by Terrell Brothers and in Tabor by J. K. Presnal. Adv.

DENTISTS ENOUGH FOR FIVE MILLION

(By Associated Press) Washington, June 21.—The dental corps has reached a strength sufficient to care for an army of 5,000,000 and examinations for applicants to the corps have been suspended.

For cleaning and pressing, ring 450. We call for and deliver. Exchange Tailor Shop, H. G. Umland, prop. tf

Announcements.

The Eagle is authorized to make the following announcements subject to the action of the Democratic Primary to be held July 27th, 1918.

For Congress, Sixth District HON. RUFUS HARDY of Corsicana, Texas. HON. E. A. DECHERD, Of Franklin, Texas.

For Senator Twelfth District, R. L. WILLIFORD, Fairfield, Texas. N. P. HOUS of Mexico D. T. GARTH, Freestone County.

Representative 22nd District. DR. OSCAR DAVIS, of Grimes County.

For Judge of the Court of Criminal Appeals. O. S. LATTIMORE

For Judge 85th Judicial District, H. S. MOREHEAD, Of Robertson County. W. C. DAVIS, Of Brazos County.

For County Judge. J. T. MALONEY

For Sheriff. LEONARD E. MOREHEAD T. C. NUNN. JOHN D. CONLEE.

For Tax Assessor. JIM DARWIN. JULIUS M. BARRON.

For Tax Collector. ROY HUDSPETH County Clerk, HORACE O. FERGUSON.

County Treasurer W. W. GAINER A. A. DEAN. TOM E. TAYLOR.

County Attorney. J. G. MINKERT. O. F. CHASTAIN.

Commissioner Precinct No. 1 J. M. ATKINS. E. D. CARLL. FLETCHER H. POOL.

For Commissioner. JOHN SABO, Precinct No. 2. GEORGE P. EDGE.

Commissioner Precinct 3. CHARLES DISTEFANO. J. J. CAHILL.

For Justice of Peace, Precinct No. 4. C. L. MCCOY. JOHN W. HAMILTON.

For Commissioner, Precinct No. 4. C. A. BUCHANAN. W. G. REYNOLDS.

Constable Precinct 4. L. J. COX. LON BAKER.